A L Bancroft & Co
721 Market St

The Yolo Democrat.

VOL. VIII. WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1875. NO. 29.

The Yolo Democrat.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING, BY
WM. SAUNDERS,
Editor and Proprietor.

Office—Freeman's Block, cor. 1st and Main Sts.

TERMS:

One copy, one year.....$4 00
" six months.....2 00
" three months.....1 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One square (9 lines or less), first insertion..$1 50
Each subsequent insertion.....1 00

A liberal discount made from above rates to quarterly or yearly advertisers.

Legal advertising at rates established by law.

Star (*) notices in the local department, ten cents a line for the first and five cts. a line for each subsequent insertion.

☞ All transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

J. A. WILSON, JOHN BAUER.
[Late of Gorselgren & Wilson.]

WILSON & BAUER,
Cor. 4th and J Sts.,
SACRAMENTO.

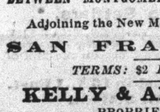
IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

FURNITURE!
BEDDING
AND MIRRORS!
—ALSO,—
Solid Walnut Bedroom and Parlor Furniture!
DESKS AND BOOKCASES,
Of Every Description,
LOWER THAN SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
my15-3m

H. C. KIRK & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists
—AND—
IMPORTERS,
SACRAMENTO,
Agents for Carbolic Sheep Dip,
The best in use,
AYER'S, JAYNE'S AND RADWAY'S
Medicines,
STEELE'S MEDICAL WONDER,
Importers of Teeth and Dental Stock.
☞ Prices as low as any house in the State for reliable goods. ap1-3m

BROOKLYN HOTEL,
BUSH STREET,
BETWEEN MONTGOMERY AND SANSOME,
Adjoining the New Mercantile Library,
SAN FRANCISCO.
TERMS: $2 PER DAY.
KELLY & ANDREWS,
PROPRIETORS.
The Coach, plainly marked "BROOKLYN HOTEL," will be at the Railroad Depots and Steamboat Landings, to convey guests to the Hotel, free of charge. ap24-3m

BLACKSMITHING.



The undersigned beg leave to inform the public that they are prepared to do all kinds of work in their line.
Ironing Carriages and Wagons,
Repairing Machinery,
Horseshoeing and
General Jobbing,
And respectfully solicit the patronage of the public, feeling confident of giving entire satisfaction.
Shop, Opp. Exchange Hotel.
Please give us a trial when you have work to do. DUNPHEY & KNOX.
my28-3m

Bon Ton
OYSTER AND CHOP HOUSE,
45 SECOND STREET,
Between J and K Streets,
SACRAMENTO.
Oysters and Shell Fish of Every Description served in the most recherche style, and at all hours of the day and night.
CALL AND SEE US!
mh5-3m J. F. McGEE, Proprietor.

O'BRIEN'S
SALOON and RESTAURANT,
CACHEVILLE,
BLIND AUGUST, Proprietor.
MEALS, Twenty-five cents, furnished at all hours; also, the best
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS. my12-3m

Steinway & Sons'
PIANOS.
A. HEYMAN,
SOLE AGENT,
I Street, between 6th and 7th.
Opposite the Court House,
SACRAMENTO.
PIANOS TO LET.
Pianos and other instruments repaired.
my13-3m

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE HOTEL
Has changed proprietors. M. FURNISS will run this hotel
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN!
Mr. Furniss, who is well and favorably known throughout the county as a first-class hotel man, will personally superintend the Dining Room and Cooking Department, and assures his guests that no pains will be spared in making this the most pleasant hotel in Woodland.
mh4-3m M. FURNISS.

L. Machefert's
JEWELRY STORE,
MAIN STREET, (UNDER CRAFT HOTEL).
GOLD WATCHES
For Ladies and Gents,
GOLD CHAINS,
Vest, Long, and Necklace,
AMERICAN & SWISS SILVER WATCHES
COIN SILVER CHAINS,
Latest Style Gold Sets,
EARRINGS AND PINS,
GOLD CUFF PINS,
SLEEVE BUTTONS,
GLOVE FASTENERS,
SHAWL PINS
AND LOCKETS,
Gents' Gold Pins, Collar Buttons and Shirt Studs.
DIAMOND, RUBY, EMERALD, AMETHYST, ONYX, CAMEO, GARNET, PEARL, PLAIN & ENGRAVED RINGS
Silver-Plated Spoons, Forks, Knives, Cake Baskets, Fruit Dishes, Castors, Card Receivers, Etc.,
Coin Silver Spoons, Forks, Card Cases, Thimbles, Etc.,
GOLD PENS AND HOLDERS,
Spectacles and Eye Glasses, in Gold, Silver, Rubber and Steel,
Writing Desks Work Boxes, Albums, Chromos, Frames, Knives, Guns and Pistols.
Florence Sewing Machines.
WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRS DONE IN A SATISFACTORY MANNER.
L. MACHEFERT,
mh13-3m Main Street.

YOLO
Poultry Yards!
NOT EQUALED ON THIS COAST.
J. F. FRIGGENS,
IMPORTER AND BREEDER OF HIGH-CLASS POULTRY,

Having imported from the most celebrated yards of England and the Eastern States the following varieties:
Buff Cochins,
Golden Spangled Polands,
Light Brahmas,
White Leghorns,
And Houdans.
FOWLS AND EGGS FOR SALE.
☞ All Fowls and Eggs purchased at my yards are warranted to give satisfaction, or no sale. Address,
ap22-3m J. F. FRIGGENS, Woodland

TO THE LADIES
—OF—
Woodland and Yolo County!
MRS. OGBURN,
Milliner & Dressmaker,
Having just returned from the Bay with a full assortment of

Spring & Summer Goods
OF THE LATEST STYLES,
Would be pleased to have the Ladies call and examine them, confident that she can please in the future as well as in the past. She would also return thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same
N.B.—Particular attention given to
DRESSMAKING!
Also, Agency of the
New Weed Sewing Machine!
mh4 One of the most reliable in use.

Boot and Shoe Store!
H. B. PENDEGAST & CO.,
Having purchased the
San Francisco Boot and Shoe Store, at Woodland,
Will from this time forward keep a Complete Assortment of BOOTS,

Ladies & Children's Shoes
OF ALL KINDS.
Having employed the best workmen that can be procured, we are prepared to do Custom Work as well as it can be done on the Coast. Using nothing but the Best of Stock, and having Good Workmen, we guarantee a fit and satisfaction
REPAIRING DONE NEATLY.
Our friends and the public generally are requested to give us a trial.
H. B. PENDEGAST & CO.
Woodland, April 15th, 1875. ap16

THE NEW
MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!
Spring and Summer Goods
MRS. & MISS PORTER

Have received their Spring Stock of Millinery, embracing the Latest and Most Fashionable styles of Goods, and are prepared to suit the most fastidious tastes at reasonable prices.
BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.—We are agents for the celebrated Butterick's Patterns, to which we call the attention of the public.
Ladies are respectfully invited to favor us with their patronage.
MRS. W. W. PORTER & CO.
Woodland, March 18th, 1875. mh19-3m

CRAFT HOTEL,
MAIN STREET, WOODLAND,
WM. R. RAWSON, Proprietor.

The new proprietor proposes to make this house First-Class in every respect. It is all new and clean, handsomely furnished, and in a good location.
The Dining Room
Will continue under the supervision of an experienced caterer, and the accommodations are such as to please guests and patrons in every department. mh4-3m

Cooling Beverages.
AT SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE
THE ARCTIC FOUNTAIN
Is flowing, and thither panting humanity is flocking to be refreshed by the cool, sparkling, delicious draughts it furnishes—ice-cold Soda Water with the most delightful kinds of flavoring, for ten cents a glass. Come and be refreshed. ap23

J. L. Simpson,
DRUGGIST,
GALBRAITH'S BLOCK,
MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS,
TOILET PERFUMES,
For the Handkerchief,
Hair Oils, Soaps, Hair Brushes,
ETC., ETC.
A FINE STOCK OF
School Books,
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
STATIONERY,
Initial Note, Diaries, Etc.
ALSO, A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
Glass, Cigars, Tobacco,
LEGAL BLANKS.
Also, FINE PORT AND SHERRY WINES,
Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies,
COGNAC BRANDY,
Holland Gin, Jamaica Rum, Etc.
All of the purest quality for medicinal use.
☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours by a thoroughly competent druggist
J. L. SIMPSON
(Read & Magee's old stand,) Main street,
mh19-3m WOODLAND.

LUMBER!
S. A. DAVIS. D. FRAZER.
Davis & Frazer,
(Successors to Ruggles & Davis,)
AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED YARD,
South of Main St., near the College,
WOODLAND.
It is our intention to keep on hand every kind
—OF—
Building and Fencing Lumber,
Shakes,
Doors,
Blinds,
Plaster Paris,
SHINGLES, WINDOWS, LATHS,
Lime, Cement, Hair, Etc.
All Orders Promptly Filled on Liberal Terms to the Purchaser.
ap3-3m DAVIS & FRAZER.

WATCHES, CLOCKS,
JEWELRY,
AND FANCY GOODS,
SCHOOL BOOKS, MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
Stationery and Musical Instruments, Etc.
AT THE ESTABLISHMENT OF
G. W. GREENE,
MAIN STREET,
COLLEGE BLOCK, WOODLAND,
is the place to find an assortment in the above lines. An inspection of my stock is respectfully requested.
Besides a large stock of Watches, Clocks, Gold, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, Lamps, Toys and Fancy Goods, I have all the Public School, College and Text Books required; also Religious and Miscellaneous Works, Music, Books, etc.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in a satisfactory manner and on short notice.
mh5-3m

Hats! Hats! Hats!
D. H. QUINN,
HATTER AND FURRIER,
87 J Street, - - Sacramento,
Has just received several New Styles of

Patent Cork-Lined Hats,
For coolness and durability is just the thing to keep the head cool and prevent baldness.
Give D. H. Quinn, Hatter, a call.
87 J STREET, SACRAMENTO.
my7-3m

GOLDEN EAGLE
HOTEL!

Cor. K and 7th Sts.,
SACRAMENTO.
Prices from $1.50 to $3 per day.
Free Coach to and from the Hotel.
HUNTER & SITES, MANAGERS.
mh5-3m

To the Ladies of Woodland and Vicinity.
Rag Carpet Manufactory.
The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he has just established himself in Woodland, and is prepared to weave Rag Carpets for all who want them.
PRICES.
Fancy patterns, per yard.....50 cts.
Patterns with white warp, per yard.....45 cts.
Plain patterns, per yard.....40 cts.
For Sale at Nicklesburg Bros'.
Orders left at Porter's store will be promptly attended to.
ap17-3m THOMAS McCANNA.

EL DORADO
LIVERY STABLES!

POCKMAN & BRO.,
(Successors to Hubbard & Sill)
Have become the Proprietors of these celebrated Livery, Sale and Boarding Stables, and are prepared to furnish on short notice any kind of turn-out desired—Saddle Horses, Single or Double Buggies, Carriages or Barouches, and will furnish drivers if desired.
Horses Boarded by the day, week or month.
ap17-3m POCKMAN & BRO., Proprietors.

$5 to $20 Per Day at home. Terms free. Address G. STINSON & Co. Portland, Maine. ja29-1y

A. G. READ,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER
For Yolo County. Will attend and cry sales, personally, in all parts of the county. Orders may be left at Simpson's Drug Store or at this office. my28-3m

ARCHITECTS:
W. E. CALLEN, - - WOODLAND,
Office—Cor. Second and Cross street.
NEWSOM BROTHERS, 430 Montgomery St., SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.
Plans, Specifications, Details, Superintendence and Estimates carefully prepared. Satisfaction guaranteed. *No Contracts Taken.* my28

R. S. MARKELL, M.D.C.M.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,
Graduate of the McGill University, Montreal, and Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario, Canada. Permanently located at Cacheville, Yolo County, Cal. my29-3m

DR. E. L. PARRAMORE,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Is permanently located in Woodland. Calls promptly attended in town and country at all hours. Orders may be left at Simpson's Drug Store. my28-3m

CREED HAYMOND,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
Office over Gillig, Mott & Co's, No. 55 J street, Sacramento. Residence, Golden Eagle Hotel. my19-3m

STERLING G. HARPER,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office in new brick building, next door west of the old Bank, Woodland, Cal. my13-3m

W. R. HINKSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Fifth street, bet. I and J, Sacramento. In Office with Armstrong & Hinkson. my13

DR. B. H. PEIRSON,
PHYSISICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office, corner College and Main streets, Woodland. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. and from 7 to 9 P. M., unless professionally engaged. my5-3m

LAMBERT & DEWITT,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Practice in all the Courts of the State. Office, one door east of Express Office, up stairs. my20-3m

L. FRIEL,
COUNTY SURVEYOR.
OFFICE—In the Court House, Woodland, Yolo Co., Cal. Will attend promptly to surveying in all parts of the county. my1-3m

J. C. BALL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
AND COMMISSIONER IN BANKRUPTCY,
OFFICE—Over Freeman's Store, Cor. First and Main street, Woodland, Cal. ap17-3m

A. B. MERING, M.D.,
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—Those formerly occupied by Dr. D. Ray. Orders left at the Drug store of Ruggles & Reindollar will be promptly attended to. ap17-3m

FROST & BUSH,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Bank Building, Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. Attend to all business of the profession. Particular attention given to Land cases, Conveyancing, Settlement of Estates of deceased persons, etc. ap10-3m

H. M. KIER, M.D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
OFFICE—Cacheville, Cal. Calls promptly attended to. ap9-3m

DR. GEORGE H. JACKSON,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE—Over Bank of Woodland, corner of Main and First streets.
RESIDENCE—Second street, between Lincoln and Oak avenues. mh12-3m

THOMAS ROSS, M.D.C.M.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,
Graduate of McGill University, Montreal. Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office over Nicklesburg's store. Residence, Front street, immediately west of College Chapel. mh12

M. GARDNER, M.D.C.M.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.,
Graduate of McGill University, Montreal; is permanently located at Davisville, Cal., and will respond to calls promptly. mh12

DR. E. A. GORDON,
KNIGHTS LANDING,
Offers his professional services to the citizens of that vicinity. Orders left at P. S. Glasscock's Drug Store will be promptly attended to. mh12-3m

ARMSTRONG & HINKSON,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Office, Fifth street, between I and J, adjoining Sacramento Savings Bank,
mh12 SACRAMENTO. [3m

PRATHER & BROTHER,
DENTISTS,
☞ Nitrous Oxid (Laughing Gas) administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth. Bank Building, corner Main and First streets, Woodland. mh5

F. E. BAKER,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT-LAW,
Office at Court House, Woodland.
mh6-3m

TO THE LADIES!
Dress & Cloak-Making!
MISS F. A. FRESE,
Late of Sacramento, has taken up her residence in Woodland, on
THIRD ST., BET. MAIN AND COURT,
And will give her especial attention to the business of
Dress and Cloak-Making!
Having had several years' experience in Sacramento, and conducted this business upon scientific principles, giving entire satisfaction to the ladies of that city, Miss Frese hopes to meet with the same success in Woodland.
Cutting done by the Paris Tailor system—acknowledged to be the best.
Ladies, please give me a trial. ap8-3m

SELLING OUT
—AND—
RETIRING FROM BUSINESS!
The undersigned will sell off their entire stock of Tinware, Stoves, Water Pipes, etc., etc., at the lowest possible rates, as they desire to close out the stock as soon as possible for cash, and retire from the business.
The BUILDING AND LOT will be sold cheap and on reasonable terms.
For particulars apply at the Store.
All parties indebted to us are requested to come forward and settle immediately.
mh5-tf ROSENKRANS & KUHN.

COAL OIL,
For sale at
SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE

The Curse of the Country.

In the June number of the *Overland Monthly* there appears an article from the pen of C. F. Hutchins, entitled "How many do Two and Two make?" from which we clip the following extract:

But do the friends of the drifting policy consider the evils which their plan inflicts upon the country? Look at this single fact: As matters are at present constituted, a whole nation, numbering 39,000,000, is left at the mercy of 500 gold gamblers in New York city! It is incalculable—the loss to which this country is subjected when these gentlemen, for their amusement or profit, put up the price of gold even one per cent. Every well ordered government on the face of the earth punishes gambling as a misdemeanor, if not a crime; and so the common nimble-fingered gentry who follow this calling, in all our towns and cities, are periodically visited with the extreme penalty of the laws. Yet our paternal Government suffers the whole business of the country to be put in daily jeopardy by the tricks of the gamblers in Wall street, and has ceased the effort to provide any remedy against their disreputable stratagems. Nor will any remedy prove efficacious short of making greenbacks equal in value to gold. That will put an end to one of the most mischievous and hurtful occupations that is prosecuted in our land. Another evil that is quite as serious is the opportunity which is afforded to the capitalists of the country unduly to increase their hoards of wealth. The United States is a paradise, not only for gamblers—if so be they make their headquarters in Wall street, and speculate in those values which touch most vitally the business of the country—but for bankers as well. It is a well-known fact that the national banking institutions are annually dividing enormous profits among the stockholders, and this, too, while other interests are staggering under loads that may be said to be almost unprecedented. If ever in the history of the world laws were framed expressly, as it would seem, to make the rich richer and the poor poorer, we find an illustration of this policy in the present laws touching financial interests in this year of grace, 1875, and in this boasted country of ours."

What Do We Live For?—Not more, but better. If we live only to eat, drink, dress, sleep and get money, we had better ignore astronomy and die. But if we are here to grow mentally, to enlarge the soul, to expand and develop ourselves, to make ourselves, through the media of the bodily organs, acquainted with our relations to all other things and beings in the universe, we had better study the "shining frame" of the "starry heavens" and live on. There is no way to approach God except through His works. The more we know of His works, the more we shall be assimilated to the God nature. Who is there that cannot see room for improvement in this direction? Let him "go hence" in a "chariot of fire" at once, and "stand not upon the order of his going." When we pass through the dark valley," what shall we find of earth on the "other side of Jordan?" Ourselves: "Only that and nothing more." We shall be destitute as when we were born, of everything except the "treasures laid up in heaven." As we brought nothing into the world except ourselves, we can take nothing out of it except ourselves; and our possessions in the long hereafter will be just what we have added to ourselves here. The truth is respectfully commended to the prayerful consideration of the Astors, the Stewarts, the Vanderbilts, the Goulds and the Drews. What a thought—that the great and powerful of this world, the railroad magnates, the money lords, the merchant princes, the successful stock gamblers, the "green bay trees" of prosperity, whose enormous wealth has impoverished thousands, and cursed their children and their children's children, may be found in the other world "poor indeed;" the intellectual dwarfs and moral pigmies of society there! I am almost disposed to believe in "re-incarnation" for their sake, so as to give them another chance. What a "great gulf" may appear between them and the Coopers, the Peabody's, the Cornells, the Whitworths and the Licks.—*Science of Health.*

How to Keep Meat Fresh a Long Time. There is no good reason why farmers and their families should eat so much salt pork, leaving all the fresh meat to the inhabitants of cities and villages, when the following method will keep meat fresh for weeks, even in the warmest weather. I know, for I have tried it for more than ten years: As soon as the animal heat is out of the meat, slice it up ready for cooking. Prepare a large jar by scalding well with hot salt and water. Mix salt and pulverized saltpeter in the proportion of one tablespoonful of saltpeter to one teacupful of salt. Cover the bottom of the jar with a sprinkle of salt and pepper. Put down a layer of meat, sprinkle with salt and pepper the same as if just going to the table, and continue in this manner till the jar is full. Fold a cloth or towel and wet it in strong salt and water, in which a little of the saltpeter is dissolved. Press the cloth closely over the meat and set it in a cool place. Be sure and press the cloth on tightly as each layer is removed, and your meat will keep for months. It is a good plan to let the meat lie over night after it is sliced before packing. Then drain off all the blood that oozes from it. It will be necessary to change the cloth occasionally, or take it off and wash it—first in cold water, then scald in salt and water as at first. In this way farmers can have fresh meat the year around. I have kept beef that was killed the 12th of February till the 21st of June. Then I packed a large jar of veal in the same way during the dog-days, and it kept six weeks. This receipt alone is worth the price of any newspaper in the land.—*A Farmer's Wife, in N. Y. Herald.*

Fishing for Sharks.—The shark fishery of the Northern Ice Sea in the Bay of Tercberska and the peninsula Kola has recently been revived. Two kinds of shark are found in this region—the Greenland shark and the basking shark. They frequently assemble in shoals, and boats engaged in the fishery are often surrounded by a hundred or more of these sea hyenas greedy for prey. The Russians fish near the coast with small boats holding four men. Anchoring at a certain distance from the land, they sink a vessel pierced with holes, containing oil, tallow or other fat, which the sea currents distribute in the neighborhood. This attracts the sharks, and they are caught with baited hooks attached to iron chains, as they could instantly bite through the strongest rope. Three of the men pull the fish toward the boat, and the fourth stands ready with a wooden hammer, weighing twenty pounds, to strike with all his force the moment the head appears. The shark is then cut open, the oil taken, and its swimming bladder inflated. It is then cast adrift to float, as, if allowed to sink, the other sharks would eat it and not care for other bait. Sometimes the sharks surround a boat so thickly that it cannot escape, and the crew are killed.

Terrible Explosion in Boston.—On May 26th a terrible explosion occured in J. D. Dow's drug store, on Washington street. Nothing definite is known as to the cause. At the time of the explosion there were known to be about twenty-two persons in the building, all of whom were more or less seriously injured. The first intimation of the disaster was a deep rumbling sound similar to that accompanying an earthquake, and almost simultaneously the walls of the building burst outward in every direction, falling in one confused mass, presenting a scene of destruction seldom before witnessed here, the wreck being more complete than that of any building blown down by gunpowder during the great fire. The remains of the building at once took fire. Two dead bodies have been taken out and a dozen more sent to the City Hospital. The estimated loss to Dow's building is $40,000. The general shaking of the adjoining buildings will probably bring the losses up to $100,000.

Loyalty.—We observe with some surprise that such loyal Republican journals as the *Chronicle* and Marquis De Borax's "hoss" paper have just learned that Newton Booth is a partner in the wholesale liquor house of Booth & Co. Four years ago, when Booth was true blue and running for Governor, they never spoke of it. From which fact we infer that with "loyal" journals the stigma which attaches to whisky selling is dependent wholly upon whether the whisky sold is straight Republican whisky or Independent whisky. There is nothing wrong in selling the former brand.—*S. F. Post.*

Awful Church Calamity.

A dispatch from Springfield (Mass.) dated May 27th contains the account of a terrible church disaster which occurred that night in South Holyoke.

During service in the French Catholic Church, 700 people being present, the decorations on the altar caught fire from a candle, and the wall being low, the flames streaming up in the building set it on fire. People in the body of the church escaped, but on the stairway leading from the gallery human beings were packed in a dense mass struggling to reach the floor. As the flames rushed towards them many leaped to the floor below and were trampled to death. The gallery skirted both sides of the building with only one entrance from the front. The scene was fearful while it lasted, for the whole was over in twenty minutes. Besides the sixty-six dead, there are enough fatally wounded to carry the total loss of life up to seventy-five.

The victims were mostly French. The priest's exertions to keep order were fruitless. The screams of the living and the moans of the dying made a deafening tumult above the orders of the pastor, who worked most heroically, and was personally instrumental in saving many. One family of four were in the church, and all killed. Many were pulled out by the arms and feet, so badly burned that they lived but a few hours, the flesh peeling from them on being touched. Some were taken out with scarcely any flesh remaining on the bones. The Sisters of Mercy from the Convent were soon on hand, caring for the wounded and holding services over the dying. Father Dufresne also held services, his mother being among those terribly burned.

Springfield, May 28th.—The bodies of fifty persons, burned to death at Holyoke last night, have been identified, in addition to fifteen or twenty who were at once removed to their homes by their friends. Nearly seventy have died, and some forty more are more or less burned or otherwise injured. The hero of the disaster was John Lynch, a brave fireman, who was the first to respond to the alarm. He describes the scene when he reached the burning church as appalling. Wedged tight and immovable in the doorway was a dense mass of humanity, none of them able to stand upright from the terrible pressure of the crowd behind, while upon and over them a sheet of fire rolled like a wave, streaming far out in the open air. Without stopping to consider their danger, Lynch and Chief Engineer Miller rushed into the flames, spurred on by the piteous cries, "For God's sake, come and help us," and began pulling out bodies. A moment later and a well-directed hydrant stream from the Mount Holyoke hose struck the brave rescuers, and undoubtedly saved them from being burned alive. The first persons drawn out were burning, but they passed directly through a stream of water, and the flames were extinguished. Some poor creatures fell fainting on a long flight of wooden stairs leading down to the street, and a few were able to walk. By this time the entire fire department had arrived, and worked with such energy and will that when the fire was extinguished the charred wooden walls of the structure were standing, and were pulled down by the hook and ladder men, in order that the search for bodies might be made. It was only a few moments after the water struck the building before the fire was out, but the destruction to life during a brief period was terrible. Some sprang from the gallery windows, and were seriously injured. One person appeared at the window completely wrapped in flames. After tottering there an instant, he fell to the ground dead and unrecognizable. Hundreds of men went to the wreck as soon as opportunity offered to search for bodies, and a force of police was organized to keep back the crowd which had gathered. A great number of bodies were found in the fatal entry way, burned some of them to a crisp. The body of one woman was found in the seat she occupied, with her clothing burned entirely off. A fleshy woman, weighing some 180 lbs., was dragged screaming from the mass. She was carried a short distance from the church, and placed on the grass—while flesh actually peeled off her back, and in a moment she fell over dead. The scenes last night and to-day in the schoolhouse basement, where the bodies of the dead were carried, were heartrending.

What is it that Kills?—Within a hundred years persons have died at nearly two centuries of age. St. Monagh, of Kentingen, lived to 185, the Countess of Desmond to 145; Thomas Parr to 152, and Henry Jenkins to 169. Within our own time Humboldt died at 99; Lord Brougham at 95; Peter Wright, of Philadelphia, at about the same age. During the last year forty persons died in New York aged 90, and only a few years ago a clergyman, aged 114, preached a sound and sensible sermon. We have Earl Russell writing books at 84. All these men were active workers in their lives, who either possessed iron constitutions, or strictly observed the laws of health. Brougham, when a young man, was considered the hardest drinker of his set, but then in latter years he regulated his appetite to suit his work. Men of genius and ability, who drank deep, or lived high, have generally died comparatively young. Witness Pitt, Fox, Poe, Coleridge, Byron, Campbell and many others. Indolence kills more men than intemperance, worry and intellectual effort.

Who Made It.—Sir Isaac Newton, a very wise and godly man, was once examining a new and fine globe, when a gentleman came into his study, who did not believe in a God, but declared that the world we live on came by chance. He was much pleased with the handsome globe, and asked, "Who made it?"

"Nobody," answered Sir Isaac, "it happened here."

The gentleman looked up in amazement at the answer, but soon understood what it meant.

The Bible says, "The fool hath said in his heart, there is no God." Must not that man be a fool indeed, who can say this beautiful and wonderful world came by chance, when he knows there is not a house, or ship, or picture, or anything else in it, but has a maker. We might as well say that this paper we are reading grew just as it is, as to say that the sun, moon and stars, and this globe on which we live, came without a creative hand.

Dress Reform.—It is a risky matter for men to interfere in any manner with the social rights and privileges of the ladies; but when they inaugurate measures of their own, looking to economy, the matter may be alluded to without the fear of incurring rebuke. Certain wives, mothers, and daughters of a Southern town have organized into a society, and issued a manifesto in which they declare their object to be, the discontinuance of extravagance in dress. They pledge themselves for one year not to purchase any material for wearing apparel the cost of which shall exceed twenty-five cents per yard. Further, they will observe a strict economy in their household affairs, and cheerfully add, "by those delicate sacrifices to the general stock of home comforts—too often dispensed with for the frivolous outside adornment of the body alone." We simply direct the attention of our California ladies to these high resolves, and offer no comment.

Correct Speaking.—We advise all people to acquire the habit of correct speaking and writing, and to abandon, as early as posible, any use of slang word or phrases. The longer you live, the more difficult the acquirement of correct language will be; and if the golden age of youth, the proper seasons for the acquirement of language, be passed in abuse, the unfortunate victim, if neglected, is very properly doomed to talk slang for life. Money is unnecessary to procure this education. Every man has it in his power. He has merely to use the language which he reads, instead of the slang which he hears, to form his taste from the best speakers and poets in the country; to treasure up choice phrases in his memory and habituate himself to their use, avoiding, at the same time, that pedantic precision and bombast which shows the weakness of vain ambition, rather than the polish of an educated man.

New Hampshire.—It is said that after all the boastings of the Radicals, the New Hampshire election turns out to be a Democratic victory. A number of the members of the Legislature claimed by the Radicals were not elected, and according to the present appearances the Democrats will have a majority and elect their candidate for Governor.

Arkansas.

Radicalism never got, in all its infamous history in the United States, a more blistering and excruciating lesson than the one taught it by the attitude and example of Arkansas. Until the people of the State got possession of the State, it was impossible to conceive of a portion of the Union that caused more constant disturbance to the usual equilibrium of the national administration. Possessed at one time of two Governors, on the eve once or twice of open revolt, torn by dissensions, robbed with impunity, filled with armed men, utterly without credit, prostrated financially and commercially, overrun with adventurers, represented in Congress by aliens, sneak-thieves and highwaymen, civil war imminent at any moment, plundered beyond all comparison, belligerent, devoted to states' rights, and hard to intimidate or subjugate, Arkansas filled the nation with forebodings and gave to the enemies of Republican government everywhere a whip to lash and to terrify its friends.

But as if by a special interposition of Divine Providence the end was brought about that was finally secured; a more perfect peace and quiet could not have come upon the State after the Democracy got in possession of it. As if in obedience to some occult or omnipotent power, the armed men were disbanded, the killing ceased, the strife among factions had an end, the danger of outbreak and uprising passed away, a peaceful election gave the citizens a patriotic constitution, there were on every hand hope, confidence, and the renewal of individual ambition and enterprise, the nation no longer felt that it was possessed of an ulcer, a great calm came, and to day Arkansas is freer from outlawry, and less amenable to criticism on account of lawlessness and crime, than Massachusetts or Connecticut.

What had radicalism and Grantism to say to all this? What excuse could they give for a system of government that for ten long years has kept the whole South just as Arkansas was kept, and which would eventually have destroyed constitutional government, but for the successful intervention of the Democratic party?—*St. Louis Times.*

The Partisan Newspaper.

Hon. Joseph Medill, in assuming editorial control of the Chicago *Tribune*, gave utterance to the following sensible views, which we commend to the careful consideration of the Democracy of Yolo and Yarden press of California: A political newspaper, to be of service to the public must give one party or the other the preference. Acting upon this idea, the *Tribune* supports the Republican organization, from which it had drifted away during the past year. We can see no good in any other course. There must be two great parties in the country, which differ in policy on important measures. Without antagonistic parties the public would become indifferent in public matters, and public affairs would be controlled by cliques of professional place-hunters, without principle or patroitism. Agitation purifies politics as a storm purifies the atmosphere, and the country emerges from a vigorous and hotly contested political canvass, renewed in patroitism and more appreciative of the blessings of civil liberty. The clash of ideas involve truth, and organized efforts are always more intelligent and effective than desultory efforts, where every participant, guerrilla-like, fights according to his own ideas. It would be good for the country if the opposing parties were of nearly equal strength, for then the fear of defeat would hold that one that happened to be in power close to the line of duty and observant of the popular will. The partisan newspaper is ever on the alert to observe the blunders of the opposition, and is, therefore, the more vigilant "sentinel on the watch-tower." The so-called independent political newspapers are, from the very nature of their position, disorganizers; they pull down continually, but rarely build any edifice of enduring good to the country. If this view be correct, it is plain that the honest partisan journal is useful to the public and capable of doing more for the benefit of good government than if neutral or "independent" in politics.

Lost Time.—Let any man pass an evening in vacant idleness, or even reading some silly tale, and compare the state of his mind when he goes to sleep or gets up next morning with its state some other day, when he has spent a few hours in going through the proofs, by facts and reasonings, of some of the great doctrines of natural science, learning truths wholly new to him, and satisfying himself, by careful examination, of the ground on which known truths rest, so as to be not only acquainted with the doctrines themselves, but able to show why he believes them, and to prove before others that they are true; he will find as great a difference as can exist in the same being—the difference between looking back upon time unprofitably wasted, and time spent in self-improvement; he will feel himself, in one case, listless and dissatisfied, in the other, comfortable and happy; in the one case, if he did not appear to himself humbled, at least he will not have earned any claim to his own respect; in the other case, he will enjoy a proud consciousness of having by his own exertions, become a wiser, and therefore a more exalted nature.

Volcanic Eruptions in Iceland.—The London *Times*, of the 23d of April, says: "Telegrams from Scotland state that the Danish mail steamer Diana arrived at Lerwick last Thursday from Reykjavik, being her first trip for the season. She brings particulars of the grand eruption of the mountain called Trolladynjaw, in the north of Iceland. The eruption occurred in December last, and was preceded by earthquakes. The weather during the month was very foggy, and the flames from the burning mountain could not be seen to advantage until the 2d of January, when the sight presented was magnificent. Columns of fire and stones were shot straight up into the air to a great height, and fell back into the crater in so narrow a circumference that the formation of a new lava bed only extended 12 miles from the northwest to the southeast. An exploring party states that from the side of the ravine, at a point as near as they could get for the burning lava, they could see down through the volcanic fissures lurid flames, like vast reeking rivers of fire playing in wild confusion among the wreck of matter. Fortunately no damage was done either by the earthquake or eruption."

Plant a Grape Vine First.—An exchange says: Not one farmer in twenty will buy grapes or other fruit for himself and family, but grapes are so easily and cheaply grown that no family with a rod of ground should be without a few vines. Grapes can be got in bearing earlier than any other fruit, excepting strawberries, and with well rooted layers I have had one bunch of grapes the first year after setting. Yet many a man spends $50 to $100 in setting an apple orchard, which will not bear till six or eight years after, who would begrudge $5 for a dozen of vines of the choicest grapes, which he might eat in two years, and have an abundance before five years had passed. I do not object to early and extensive planting of orchards, "this ye should have done, and not have left the other undone." It seems to me that the first duty of a settler on new land is to plant immediately half a dozen grape vines, and after that as many as he can afford. Fresh fruit is a necessity to the family, and nothing is more quickly, easily or cheaply grown than grapes.

The Remedy.—Some of our newspaper cor temporaries are preparing schemes for bre ing down what is termed "land monopol s." There will be little trouble in doing thi soon as Assessors properly perform their d Let every large tract of land be assessed as full value—for every dollar it is wor ies, there is no reason why the owners of th h—for of acres should not pay taxes on t equally with those persons who own usands acres. Honest and capable Assess eir lands we want—not those who can but a few value one man's property at rs are what, while another's is assessed at e bribed to value.—*Call.* alf its value, more than its

Sound Advice.—Let th winds and waves of adversity blow and dash around you, If they will; but keep on the upon principle, and bi ath of rectitude, and If gossip, with her rock. Plant yourself with your good n e, poisoned tongue, meddles yourself erect; let ame, heed her not. Carry ward, and by the your course be straightfor- and the purity serenity of your countenance who would ur of your life, give the lie to all derrate and belittle you.

The Yolo Democrat,

With Half-Sheet Supplement;

MAKING SIX PAGES EVERY WEEK.

Contains all County Official Advertisements.

WOODLAND, CAL:

Friday, June 4th, 1875.

ADVANCED AGE.—A few days since Mrs. Jane Anderson died in San Francisco at the great age of 109 years.

COLLIERY EXPLOSION.—At Bunker's Hill Colliery, England, an explosion occurred by which forty-two men were killed.

WHAT NEXT?—At one of the flour mills, in San Francisco, they are putting up flour in patent straw paper barrels for shipment to England.

VIRGINIA ELECTION.—Returns from the election held in Virginia on the 27th ult., show a decided conservative victory with large gains.

LARGEST OWNER.—Mr Sharon is the largest property owner in San Francisco. He is said to own property there worth at least seven millions.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE.—We are informed that I. C. Steele intends to come before the Democratic County Convention as a candidate for Assemblyman.

EDITORIAL CHANGE.—Capt. Geo. W. Gift has succeeded Mr. Utting as editor of the Napa *Reporter*. The latter gentleman will shortly start a new paper in Lake County.

GRASSHOPPERS.—Telegraphic reports from Nebraska state that heavy rains in that State have prevailed and proved very beneficial to the crops and destructive to the grasshoppers.

FATALLY BURNED.—On Friday last, in Sacramento, a girl named Mary Donohue, to enable her to kindle a fire easily, poured alcohol on the wood. The result was she was so severely burned that she died the next day.

MIXED.—At the Sacramento Radical Primaries last week nearly all the Dollys united with them, disregarding the advice of their leader, Senator Booth. And so it goes. There is not enough strength in either party to do much alone.

SERIOUS EARTHQUAKE.—By way of London, May 27th, we have accounts of a series of terrible earthquakes in the beginning of May in Borousa, Asia Minor, by which 160 lives were lost, 137 were injured, and 600 houses destroyed.

FASHIONABLE RELIGION.—Rev. Dr. Hall's church, in New York city, cost one million dollars. Pews were sold for $800,000. Poor worshippers would'nt stand much chance there, sur ly; at least they would have to take back seats, if indeed they were admitted at all into the wealthy temple.

THE THIRD PARTY.—The N. Y. *Times*, in an article on the third party revival, concludes that for a renewal of the Cincinnati movement there is no practical excuse. Gradually, as the time draws near for the opening of the canvass, the Republican and Democratic organizations will prepare to enter the field with candidates and platforms representing the average purpose of each, and the country will be divided between them. A third party next year would be an idle experiment, resulting in a ridiculous farce.

Grant on a Third Term.

The Pennsylvania Radical State Convention having spoken against the third term scheme for President, that functionary U. S. G., takes occasion to write a letter to the Chairman of the Convention, in which he states that he is no more a candidate now than he was Before; that he "would not accept the nomination were it tendered, *unless it came under such circumstances as to make it an imperative duty.*" We append the letter entire that all may draw their own conclusions:

WASHINGTON, May 29th, 1875.

DEAR SIR:—A short time subsequent to the Presidential election of 1872, the Press—a portion of it hostile to the Republican party, and particularly so to the Administration—started the cry of "Cæsarism" and "Third term," calling loudly for me to define my position on the latter subject. I believed it beneath the dignity of the office which I have been twice called to fill, to answer the question before the subject should be presented by competent authority to make a nomination, or by a body of such dignity and authority as not to make the reply a mis ue ject of ridicule. In fact I have been surprised that so many sensible persons in the Republican party should permit their reason to be upon them and the party an issue which cannot add strength to the party, no matter how met. A body of dignity and of party authority in convention to make nominations for State officers of the second state in the Union, having considered the question, I deem it not improper that I should speak.

In the first place, I never sought the office for the second, nor even the first term. I was called from a lite position—one created by Congress expressly for me, for supposed services rendered the Republic. The position vated I liked. It would have been most agreeable to have retained it until such time as Congress might have consented to my retirement, with the rank, and a portion of the emoluments I so much needed, to a home where the balance of my days might be spent in peace and the enjoyment of domestic quiet, relieved from cares which have oppressed me constantly for fourteen years. But I was made to believe that the public good called me to make the sacrifice.

Without seeking the office for a second term, the nomination was tendered me by the unanimous voice of delegates from all the States and Territories a lected by the Republicans of each to represent their whole number, for the purpose of making a nomination. I cannot say I was not pleased at this, and the overwhelming endorsement their action received at the election following; but it must be remembered that all sacrifices, except that of comfort, had been made in accepting the first term. Then, too, such a fire of personal abuse and slander had been kept up for four years, notwithstanding a conscientious performance of duty, to the best of my understanding—though I admit, in the light of subsequent events, many times subject to fair criticism—that an endorsement from those who alone govern republics was a gratification that it is only human to have appreciated and enjoyed.

Now, as to a third term. I do not want it, any more than I did the first. I would not write nor utter a word to change the will of the people in expressing and having their choice. The question of the number of terms allowed one Executive can only come up fairly in the shape of a proposition to amend the Constitution—a shape in which all political parties can participate—fixing the length of time or number of terms for which one person shall be eligible for the office of President. Until such amendment be adopted, the people cannot be restricted in their choice by resolution, further than now restricted as to age, nationality, etc. It may happen in the future history of the country, that to change the Executive because he has been eight years in the office, will prove unfortunate if not disastrous.

The idea that any man could elect himself President, or even nominate himself, is preposterous. It is a reflection on the intelligence and patriotism of the people to suppose such a thing possible. Any man can destroy his chances for the office; but no one can force his election or nomination. I am not nor have I ever been, a candidate for renomination. I would not accept the nomination were it tendered, unless it came under such circumstances as to make it an imperative duty—circumstances not likely to arise.

I congratulate the Convention over which you presided, for the harmony which prevailed, and for the excellent ticket put in the field, and which I hope may be triumphantly elected.

With great respect, your obedient servant,

U. S. GRANT.

Our San Francisco Letter.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 2d, 1875.

"Once on a time" a little country boy who was very much addicted to the theatre was told by his moral papa that attendance at theatrical performances was an atrocious crime, and if ever he were te npted to again enter a Thespian Temple of vice he must resolutely exclaim: "Get thee behind me, Satan!" Some time after this parental advice papa happened to pass John Wilson's amphitheatre just as the crowd of patrons came pouring out. Suddenly his attention was directed by the sound of a familiar voice among a crowd of Young America. The voice was Robby's. He had been to the show and he was now very eloquently descanting on the virtues (?) of the woman with the iron jaw; of Robinson the bare-back feller, etc. That evening, the usual meal concluded, papa settled himself comfortably down in his arm-chair, and pipe in hand (to mark emphasis) called Robby to task:

"Robby, come here." Robby came. "Robby, you've been to the show again!" Robby was not cut out for an attorney. He could not tell a lie, so he looked up cheerily.

"Papa, you know I cannot tell a lie; a little linnet laid an egg in your favorite cherry tree and has gone to work to hatch it. I sold my chaneh for two bits to Billy Spriggins and so wanted to spend the money."

"But, my son, why did you not remember the talismanic sentence I gave you, which would have kept you from temptation?"

"I did, papa, I did,—'Get thee behind me, Satan!'"

"And did you repeat it before you ventured beneath the unholy portals?"

"Yes, papa, I said, 'Get thee behind me, Satan,' bold as a lion, as I stood before the gate, and he did get behind me and *pushed me right in.*"

This is very much the position of some of our "Independents" down this way. They have had envious eyes fixed on the Gubernatorial mansion at Sacramento for several years past. But, papa Booth has been crying, "Don't enter into any wire-working conventions, they're unholy places. Bid Satan get behind thee." But love for the glitter and pomp of official position has proved too strong. They have been bidding Satan get behind them and they have been pushed in. There is indeed quite a division in the ranks of the so-called Independent party, which promises to seriously impair its usefulness in clearing a good road for a Democratic victory. Four fifths of the rank and file are made up of disgusted Republicans, anti-Custom-house crowd lawmen, etc., while one-fifth is composed of sore-head Democrats, with an occasional sprinkling of some idiotic monomaniac on the subject of the Confederate debt. The Republicans haven't show enough for a theatrical ghost. With a united front it is plain sailing for the Democracy.

I see by your last issue that the circus people have *turned up* among you. Queen is quite a king in his sphere, even if he does like to show off. Montgomery took his lions and band and monkies out airing in Sacramento, I am told, and raised such a breeze that the boys that blew heartily wished themselves back on the tented field.

It never rains but it pours. We are enjoying a perfect meteoric shower. Ristori, Janauschek, Murska et al, all in a bunch, almost taking away one's breath. The last will pass your way. You will be unfortunate in not securing a halt. The advent of these celebrities shows that our city is assuming the importance due to its rank; and that we are growing to be one of the great cities; and we are spreading ourselves on the fact. Our Bonanza stir is drawing the attention of the world and Silk Kings, Wheat Kings, Star Kings and What (not) Kings, are turning their attention toward the land of Bonanzas, Big Falls, plentiful oranges and springs that make it hot for you. I could make quite a nursery song on the sequence:

Big flies come on a visit
Little flies come and stay, etc, etc.

To accomodate the inflow, buildings are being run up on every side. Our growth is remarkable. Our mammoth hotel, costing before occupancy nearly four millions, has got to be an old thing. Immense structures are the rage—trust companies, banks, new stock enterprises, all swelling the rush. You pass an old sand hill in a certain part of the city, while showing an eastern friend about the town. One month thereafter you are called by the same spot on business. Lo! the sand hill has migrated, and on the site you find a block of elegant bay fronts, many marked "sold"—and, it may be, a few exhibiting signs of occupancy. This is not an exaggerated picture. The growth in some localities is almost beyond belief. The credit lies at the feet of our real estate and building associations. A block or square is bought and cleared and a large gang set to work. There is no delay—no hitch. The whole block runs up as if by magic, strong, well built, pretty residences. You pay $500 down and as much as you can quarterly. By these means the day laborer is enabled by economy to live under his own roof, cultivating his own vine, eating up his own figs and letting out spare rooms at ten *pesos* per month to virtuous youths who desire protective seclusion in the peaceful bosom of a private family.

The social talk of the day is a sadly mixed mass of the sublime and ridiculous. "I believe the wretch wants a third term!" "Those two miscreants ought to be put in a sack and dropped in the bay!" Such are the double-headed comments that burst upon one's ear, on entering the ladies parlors. The first explanation can easily be explained by all who have nauseated themselves by a dose of the letter from the egotistical knave or fool who disgraces our Chief Magisterial Chair. To think that among forty millions, a contingency could arise which but one favored demi g d among the mass could meet. Bah! 'tis sickening! The other ejaculation of the *fair* ones points to the exposure of an outrageous fraud perpetrated among our citizens by the so-called Roman wrestlers, Bauer and Miller, bankers, stock brokers, attorneys, capitalists, sports and tradesmen gathered together in Wilson's Amphitheatre, delighted with the novelty of the fun and complacently patting each other on the back over the generous home circle comforts, that a classic and ennobling amusement might receive their combined countenance and thus be cultivated into a vigorous growth. Ladies of fashion and taste caught the enthusiasm. Why not? Were not their choicest works of art monuments of the high esteem in which Rome and Athens held her athletic sons? "The thing must be encouraged my dears!" But lo! the mortified feminines and enraged masculines find that they have been the dupes of two schemes. Miller is the gymnastic teacher at the Olympic Club, Bauer is a teacher of gymnastic teachers. Both held a back room consultation together and arranged the falls to be gained and lost and the division of the spoils. Several meetings were had and the pre arranged programme carried out. Once, however, Bauer, stung by the taunts of his sunny-day friends, and the comments of the press on his obesity, played false and dulled Miller's star. For the time being, little fellows, angered at current events or emulous of victory, would be seen in fierce combat only to be patted on the head as the observation was noted:

"Noble little chaps! Salvation of the Republic! Material for an immortal future!"

Now, an encounter of the kind receives the blackest of frowns—"Little hoodlums!" "Bloodthirsty wretches!" "Ought to be put into the Industrial School!" "Gracious, where is the country going to?" etc. etc.

Schools are all closed, children pouring into the country. Courts closing, and attorneys packing up. Ladies going, going, gone. Pistol shots are now-and-then heard, and knives come out occasionally, but I know of nothing so particularly interesting as to warrant a further sprinkling of Dhu drops in this already capacious budget.

WM. DHU.

WHERE ARE THEY?—Governor Booth advocates the purely Independent policy in the approaching campaign—no affiliation with any other party. If his advice is taken the Dolly Varden party will make but a sorry show when it comes to counting noses. In this county the party is composed of Republican office-holders and a few dissatisfied Democratic office seekers. We venture to say there is not an old-line Democrat in this county now affiliating with the Independents who is not particularly noted as an office-seeker. The people don't want this class of men to have charge of their affairs, and unless we are mistaken there will be a good many disappointed candidates this year. American sovereigns propose to *choose* their servants whether those servants shall be Dollys, Radicals or Democrats.

ONE GOOD EFFECT.—The present condition of the politics of the country will have the effect to "place" men so that their whereabouts can be ascertained. Every man has the undoubted right to support whatever party or set of principles he sees fit. This is a great and glorious privilege. What a satisfaction there is in knowing just how your neighbor stands upon questions at issue before the country. A man who is outspoken in his views and opinions is entitled to respect; but when on the ground of "Independence" a voter dodges those questions, there is little confidence to be placed in him; such are generally looking out for the popular side from motives of personal interest.

RETROGRADING.—The Los Angeles *Herald*, a very bold and outspoken paper, says of our Assemblyman: "Freeman, of Yolo he of freights and fares bill notoriety has descended the office scale with the velocity of a kitten with a brick tied to its neck. A few weeks ago he would have nothing less than Governor. Then we heard of him for Congressman, but he was on the down grade and could not reach the brake until he struck Assemblyman. However, we know where he is now. He is a candidate for the Assembly. That old freights and fares bill will once more flutter in the capital breeze if the people of Yolo county have not gleaned wisdom from the experience of two years ago."

THE RADICAL NOMINEE. — Probably Gov. Pacheco will be the nominee of the Radicals for the next term. He seems to be entitled to it, and unless Gorham or some other who is sharp at manipulating the wires can ring in ahead in the Convention, it looks as though the present incumbent stood the best chance of securing what will prove to be, to whoever gets it, the empty honor of the Republican nomination for Governor.

New Advertisements.

SITUATION WANTED.

A German man is desirous of obtaining a situation as Clerk in a Store, or in any other capacity where he can make himself useful. Inquire at THE YOLO DEMOCRAT Office. jel-2w

Yolo Grangers' Warehouse Association.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT A meeting of the Directors held on the 31st day of May, 1875, an assessment of Five Dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of the Corporation, payable on the SECOND DAY OF JULY, 1875, to D. SCHINDLER, Treasurer of the Association, in the Town of Woodland. Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 30th day of July, 1875, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 30th day of August, 1875, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

JNO. M. RHODES, Sec'y.

Office over Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express office, Main street, Woodland.
Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. je5-1w

Notice to Contractors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Sealed Proposals will be received by the Board of Supervisors of the County of Yolo until TUESDAY, JUNE FIFTEENTH, 1875, at Two P.M., for grading a public road beginning at the gate on the ridge between Devilbiss and Sackett, thence following the grade stakes to Seamens' west line, which constitutes Section No. 1, thence beginning at the terminus of Section No. 1 at Seamens' west line following the grade stakes to the county line dividing the counties of Yolo and Napa, in Putah Cañon, the same being known as Section No. 2.

On section No. 1: Road bed to be 18 feet wide on the hill side, the number of turnouts can be ascertained by calling on F. G. Russell, of Buckeye.

On Section No. 2: The grade to be raised or lowered as grade stakes indicate, and where running along present traveled road to be 18 feet in width; turnouts to be regulated as in section No. 1.

Bids to be in bulk and not by cubic yard. Bond in double the amount of contract price to accompany bid. Contract payable in warrants drawn on the Contingent Fund and contract to be completed within 60 days from time of award. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.
May 17th, 1875. td

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT. Trade Mark. Trade Mark. New York.

THE WORLD IS IN BLOOM.—Nature wears her Summer smile. But the victim of Nervous Debility is like a blighted branch in the sunshine. Let him re-vitalize, tone, and purify his system with

Tarrant's Effervescent Seltzer Aperient,

and within a week he will feel like a new man.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. je4

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
WM. MINIS,
Of Yolo County,
Subject to the decision of the Democratic State Convention. fe19-tf

FOR CLERK OF SUPREME COURT,
D. B. WOOLF,
Of San Francisco.
Subject to the decision of Democratic State Convention. fe19-5m

FOR SHERIFF.
W. J. CLARK,
Of Antelope,
At the earnest solicitation of many friends, has consented to be a candidate before the Democratic Convention of Yolo County for the nomination of Sheriff. ap23-td

FOR ASSESSOR,
ROBERT MARDERS,
Of Capay, announces himself as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Yolo County, subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention. ap23-td

LIST OF DELINQUENT PURCHASES OF SWAMP AND OVERFLOWED LANDS IN YOLO COUNTY.

Showing the Amount Due January 1st, 1875.

NO. OF SURVEY.	DATE OF APPROVAL OF SURVEY.	NO. AND DATE OF CERTIFICATE OF PURCHASE.	NAME OF PURCHASER.	COUNTY.	MERIDIAN.	TOWNSHIP.	RANGE.	SECTION.	NO. OF ACRES.	DESCRIPTION.	AMOUNT PAID ON PRINC'PL.	TOTAL AM'T OF INT PAID	PRINCIP'L DUE.
978	January 13, 1874.	4020 March 2,1874.	R. S. Carey	Yolo.	M. D.	9 n	3 e	25 and 26	600 00	W ½ of sec 25; n e ¼, n ½ of s e ¼, and s e ¼ of s e ¼ of sec 26	$120 00	$46 40	$480 00
985	December 7, 1869.	3134 Feb. 15, 1870.	B. F. Mauldin	"	"	7 n	4 e	16	320 00	E ½	64 00	90 35	256 00
1022	February 1, 1875.	4271 Feb. 15, 1875.	R. S. Cary	"	"	7 n	3 e	12 and 13	440 00	S e ¼ sec 12; n e ¼, n ½, and s e ¼ of s e ¼ sec 13	88 00	82 29	352 00
1037	February 1, 1875.	4272 Feb. 15, 1875.	A. H. Estell	"	"	7 n	3 e	12	160 00	N e ¼	32 00	13 73	128 00
1038	February 1, 1875.	4273 Feb. 15, 1875.	A. H. Estell	"	"	7 n	3 e	24	320 00	E ½	64 00	23 46	256 00
1041	February 1, 1875.	4274 Feb. 15, 1875.	A. H. Estell	"	"	7 n	4 e	16, 17 & 20	1120 00	S w ¼ sec 16, s ½ sec 17 and sec 20	224 00	82 13	896 00

NO. OF SURVEY.	DATE OF APPROVAL OF SURVEY.	NO. AND DATE OF CERTIFICATE OF PURCHASE.	NAME OF PURCHASER.	COUNTY.	MERIDIAN.	TOWNSHIP.	RANGE.	SECTION.	NO. OF ACRES.	DESCRIPTION.	AMOUNT PAID ON PRINC'PL.	TOTAL AM'T OF INT PAID	PRINCIP'L AND INT. DUE Jan. 1, '75.
414	Sept. 20, 1859.	265 March 17, 1860.	D. G. Carigan	Yolo.	M. D.	8 n	3 e	35 and 36	320 00	N e ¼ sec 35, and s w ¼ sec 36	$64 00	$76 10	$543 60
942	December 8, 1868.	2844 June 28, 1869.	R. S. Cary	"	"	8&9 n	3&4 e	1, 12, 13, 24, 6, 7, 35 and 36	2000 00	N ½ of sec 1; e ½ of s e ¼ of sec 1; e ½ of n e ¼ of sec 12; e ½ of s w ¼ of sec 12; s e ¼ of sec 12; sec 13; n ½ of sec 24; w ½ of s e ¼ of sec 24; n e ¼ of s e ¼ of sec 24, 8 n 3 e; w ½ of w ½ of sec 6, w ½ of w ½ of sec 7, 8 n, 4 e; e ½ of sec 35, w ¼ of w ½ of sec 36, 9 n, 3 e	520 00	737 12	2,225 60
955	December 8, 1868.	2842 June 28, 1869.	R. S. Cary	"	"	8 n	3 e	25	160 00	N w ¼	32 00	45 87	136 96
976	July 17, 1869.	3043 Jan. 18, 1870.	Amos Mathews	"	"	9 n	4 e	30	320 00	W ½	64 00	45 69	309 76
989	Sept. 21, 1869.	2937 Sept. 27, 1869.	George D. Roberts	"	"	6&7 n	3&4 e	Sundry	17218 28	Sections 19, 20, 31; w ½ of sec 29; w ½ and frac e ½ of sec 32, 7 n, 4 e; sec 5; n ½ and s e ¼ of sec 36, and s ½ sec 35, 7 n, 3 e; secs 1, 2, 11, 12, 14, 22, 23, 26, 27, 28, 13, 24, 33, 34 and 35; s e ¼ of sec 10; s ½ of sec 21; s e ¼ of sec 29; s e ¼ of sec 32; s ½ of sec 31; w ½ of sec 25 and frac of sec 36, 6 n, 3 e; secs 6 and 7; w ½ of sec 5; w ½ of sec 8; w ½ and n e ¼ of sec 18, 6 n, 4 e	3,443 25	285 03	18,598 58
990	July 17, 1869.	3338 Dec. 2, 1872.	Henry Furry	"	"	10 n	2 e	35	120 00	S ½ and n e ¼ of s e ¼	24 00	3 08	129 60
991	Jan. 6, 1873.	3851 Jan. 17, 1873.	R. S. Cary	"	"	8 n	3&4 e	Sundry	1882 97	Sec 29, 8 n, 3 e; secs 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 30, 8 n, 4 e	372 59	146 55	1,639 41
1033	December 18, 1869.	3027 Jan. 5, 1870.	G. D. Roberts	"	"	6 n	3 e	31	320 00	S ½	64 00	18 00	327 68
1131	August 30, 1872.	3821 Nov. 12, 1872.	John Mullen	"	"	7 n	3 e	12 and 13	560 00	W ½ of sec 12; n w ¼ and n ½ of s w ¼ of sec 13	112 00	59 95	402 80

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, } ss.
CITY OF SACRAMENTO. }

I, ROBERT GARDNER, Surveyor-General of said State and ex-officio Register of the State Land Office, hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct list of Swamp Land Surveys of Yolo County, delinquent for principal and principal and interest, that are included in Swamp Land District No. 18 of Yolo County.

[SEAL.] Witness my hand and seal this 1st day of May, A.D. 1875.

ROBERT GARDNER, *Register State Land Office.*

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF YOLO:

Notice is hereby given, that if the several amounts stated in the foregoing Delinquent List, as delinquent and due from the purchasers therein named is not paid in Fifty Days after the Eighth day of May, A.D. 1875; to wit, by the TWENTY-EIGHTH DAY OF JUNE, 1875, the District Attorney of said county will commence suit to foreclose the interest of the purchasers of the land described in said list, and the interest of any assignee of said purchasers, and to annul the certificate of purchase.

Dated, Woodland, May 8th, 1875. [my14-5t]

F. E. BAKER, *District Attorney.*

WOOLAND AGENCY
—OF THE—
PHŒNIX INSURANCE CO.
OF HARTFORD, CONN.,
HOME INSURANCE CO.
OF NEW YORK.

Losses Paid in Yolo Co: $12,676.36.

Patrons of this old established agency will please take notice that

J. L. SIMPSON, Esq.,

has been appointed agent for Woodland and vicinity, with full powers to issue and renew expiring policies without reference to San Francisco.

Managed by skillful and experienced underwriters, pursuing a prudent and conservative course, adhering to legitimate rules and practices, eschewing the tendency to recklessness which has been developed of late years, through too great eagerness for business, on the part of young companies, the

Old Phœnix and Home!

steadily augment their strength, popularity and hold upon the confidence of the public.

We deal in reliable indemnity; not cheap insurance. ap9-3m

YOLO COUNTY BRANCH
—OF THE—
Home Mutual
INSURANCE CO.
OF CALIFORNIA.

Capital, - $300,000.00.
Cash Assets, 571,229.04.
Income for '74, 380,694.29.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.
J. A. HUTTON, WM. DRESBACH,
CHARLES COIL, CHARLES F. REED,
W. W. BROWNELL.

The Premium Receipts of this Branch will be retained and Invested in Yolo County.

THE HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY
Of California

Is devoted to the business of Fire Insurance exclusively. Enjoys the

Most Extensive Patronage of any Company doing business in California.

Is free from all arbitrary combinations and compacts, and furnishes

RELIABLE INDEMNITY

To the insuring public at Rates as low as solvency and fair profit will admit of

Losses Promptly Adjusted

And paid here in gold coin on advice of the Board of Trustees.

Policies Issued and Renewed Direct by

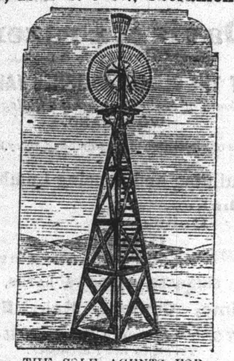
GEO. D. FISKE,

Agent and Manager of the Yolo County Branch.

Office, POSTOFFICE BLOCK.
ap2-3m WOODLAND.

PAINTS AND OILS,
For sale at
SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE.

Keller & Co.,
IMPORTER AND DEALERS IN
Agricultural Implements,
WAGONS,
ETC., ETC.,
43, 45 & 47 J St., Sacramento



THE SOLE AGENTS FOR
J. I. Case & Co.'s Separators,
Pitt's Mounted Power,
J. I. Case & Co.'s Engines,
Haines' Improved Single-Gear Header
(WITH COMPOUND LEVERAGE)
The "Excelsior Dropper and Mower,"
KELLER'S
Sulky Revolving Hay Rake,
Foust's Hay Loader,
The Buckeye Junior Cultivator,
The Star Planter,
The Centrifugal Corn Sheller,
IMPROVED AMERICAN
CIDER AND WINE MILL.
Meyer's California Gang and Subsoil Plows,
Kellers' California Plows,
IMPROVED LANDSIDE PLOW AND CLEVIS,
CHISEL-TOUTH CULTIVATORS,
THE "REGULATOR" WINDMILL,
THE "REGULATOR" WINDMILL,
THE PACIFIC WAGON,
HEADER WAGONS.
Side-Spring Mountain Wagon,
ETC., ETC.

☞ Our Stock of Implements embraces only the best.

OUR SULKY REVOLVING HAY RAKE is better adapted to all kinds of grass, both light and heavy, for winrowing or bunching, than any Rake in the world. It is the strongest, handiest, best and cheapest Rake made.

OUR NEW HAINES' IMPROVED HEADER, with Compound Lever, is worked by the operator without any exertion. A few pounds will raise or lower the draper, making it a pleasure to work our Header. A new device for driving the Reel and Knife, making the draft a horse lighter than any Header in use.

It will pay every man to see this Header before buying. You will not only save money, but you will get the best Header ever sold in the State.

Header Sickles,
Buckeye Mower Knives, No. 1 and No. 2,
Excelsior Mower Knives,
Extra Sickle Sections and Mower Sections, way down in price.

43, 45 and 47 J St., Sacramento,
KELLER & CO.
my7

INDEPENDENT CO. COMMITTEE.

The undersigned members of the Independent County Central Committee of Yolo County, are requested to meet at Woodland on

SATURDAY, June 5th, 1875,

at the Court House, at 1 o'clock P.M., to arrange for sending delegates to the Independent State Convention, at Sacramento, on June 22d, 1875, and also to send delegates to the Congressional and Judicial Convention of the Independent party, and to transact such other business as may come before the Committee. The Committee is composed of the following members: James Johnson, Godfrey Rodell, Chas. E. Greene, J. W. Snowball, Robt. P. Davidson. All persons interested and favorable to the Independent movement are respectfully invited to meet the Committee at Woodland on that day. By order of Committee, JAMES JOHNSON, Chrirman.
R. P. DAVIDSON, Sec'y.

ANTON MENKE,
141 J St., between 5th and 6th.
SACRAMENTO,
Importer of French and German
FANCY BASKETS and WILLOW WARE,
Cane and Colored Willow Ware,
Children's Carriages,
All kinds of Brushes and Walnut Brackets, a Fine Assortment of Accordeons, and all other kinds of Musical Instruments,
Toys, Beads Ladies' Satchels, Albums,
A large stock of BIRD CAGES, and a general and full assortment of useful and Fancy Articles. my7-3m

PURE Lard Oil, Chinese Nut Oil, Castor Oil
AT E. BYNUM & CO'S.

MARCUS C. HAWLEY & CO.
COR. J. & SECOND STREETS,
SACRAMENTO,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
Steam Engines,
AND MILL AND MINING TOOLS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE

in every department, and our prices as low as any house in the State for the same class of goods. We handle none but what we know to be FIRST-CLASS ARTICLES, and always keep the latest improved Machines, which are known to be good and preferable to the older styles.

MOWERS!

We introduce to the Farmers of the Pacific Coast, for the season of 1875, the celebrated

"Meadow King" Mower.

This Machine we have selected from among some twenty-five machines inspected personally by our Manager last Fall throughout the Eastern States, and we find it to possess the great features most needed in California and Nevada, viz., Simplicity, Strength and Durability.

While it possesses all the good features of the "Buckeye," it has some others that make it far superior; and we feel confident in introducing it that we will meet the want of all Farmers for the BEST MACHINE for the least money. It is not a new and untried machine, but one which has stood high throughout the East for the last seven years. Send for special circular.

HEADERS!

We shall have for 1875 the

Genuine Haines' Header.

Improved especially for us, and would ask all desiring to purchase to look at once before doing so. It will well pay them to do it.

TAYLORS WHEEL RAKES,
BUCKEYE SELF-DUMPING WHEEL RAKE,
REVOLVING RAKES,
(WILCOX & BARNES.)

THRESHERS and ENGINES.

GOLD MEDAL SEPARATORS,
GAAR, SCOTT & CO'S
PORTABLE ENGINES.

We introduced these Separators and Engines in California, during the season of 1875, and with unprecedented success. In every case they gave the best of satisfaction, and were shown to be far superior to the machines before used—doing better work, cleaning the grain better, and saving more than the even so called "Standard" machines of the Coast. The Engines were shown to possess great power, and to be much easier to handle, and better in every way. For 1875 we offer them, with all the necessary improvements to fully adapt them to the Coast, as Machines superior to any other. Send for Special Circular.

Vibrator Threshers,
Pitts' Horse Powers,
Carey Horse Powers,
Tread Horse Powers,
Self-Feeders for Threshers.

MOLINE WIND-MILLS!
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

The "TRADE ENGINE."

WAGONS!

We are Sole Agents for California and Nevada for the Celebrated

"Schuttler Wagons"
—AND THE—
"Challenge Spring Wagon!"
WHICH HAVE NO SUPERIORS.

☞ We solicit orders from all wanting our goods, assuring them of fair prices, good goods and liberal terms.

MARCUS C. HAWLEY & CO.
ap2i-6m

HAY RANCH
—AND—
Stock Range!
FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR WOODLAND TOWN PROPERTY!

The undersigned offers for sale or to exchange for property in Woodland or vicinity, a FINE RANCH of about Four Hundred and sixty Acres of rich, river-bottom land, under the best of fence, situated

Two Miles from Trinity Centre,
TRINITY COUNTY.

Together with an excellent Stock Range of Three Thousand Acres or upwards adjoining. The Ranch has a good timothy hay crop now on the ground, for which there is always a demand. There is a good, substantial Dwelling House, commodious Barns sufficient for the entire hay crop, etc. There are also on the place a Mowing Machine, Wagons, Hay Press, Hay Rakes, and

All necessary Farming Implements.

This ranch is known as the FADER RANCH, and will be sold cheap for cash, or exchanged as above, for the benefit of minor heirs by their guardian.

For particulars, address

J. C. FIELD, Guardian.
Petaluma, Sonoma Co., Cal.
Or, apply to GEO. D. FISKE, Woodland.
my7-tf

Probate Notice.

Estate of W. S. Long, deceased.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE County of Yolo, State of California.

JOHN COOMBS and JOSEPH A. LONG, Executors of the Estate of W. S. LONG, deceased, having on this Nineteenth day of May, 1875, filed in this Court their first annual account of their administration, together with a petition, showing that all debts outstanding against the deceased, and all debts and charges of administration have been fully paid, and a portion of the bequests and legacies paid, the standing and condition of said estate, that there remains in their hands real and personal property to be distributed to the legatees of deceased, and praying among other things that a day be set for the final hearing of said account, and that the same be allowed and settled and made final, and for an order of distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons entitled thereto, and for their discharge as executors.

It is ordered that all persons interested in he estate of W. S. LONG, deceased, be and appear before the Probate Court of the County of Yolo, at the Court-Room of said Court, in the Court House, in the Town of Woodland, in said County of Yolo, State of California, on SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SIXTH DAY OF JUNE, 1875, at One o'clock P.M., then and there to show cause why said account of the said Executors should not be settled and allowed as filed, and made final, and why an Order of Distribution should not be made of the residue of said estate among the legatees of the said deceased, according to his last will and testament and the law in such case provided, and why said executors should not receive their discharge.

It is further ordered that a copy of this Order be published for four successive weeks, before the said Twenty-Sixth day of June, 1875, in THE YOLO DEMOCRAT, a newspaper printed and published in said Yolo County.

Dated May 19th, 1875.

J. A. HUTTON, Probate Judge.

Attest: A true copy.
[SEAL.] D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.
my21-5t

Notice to Settlers.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE following described Township Plats were filed in the Register's Office on the 24th of May, 1875:

Amended Township 16 N., 1 East.
Township 12 N., 3 West.

Settlers upon lands in the above described townships are hereby notified to file their Declaratory Statements in the Register's Office at Marysville, within three months from the date of filing said plat in this office, the time prescribed by law, otherwise their rights may be forfeited.

L. B. AYER, Register.
L. T. CRANE, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Marysville, Cal., May 24th, 1875. my28

Notice to Contractors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County will receive Sealed Proposals until the FOURTEENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1875, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the construction of two Bridges across Willow Slough, near E. K. Barnes ranch. Plans and specifications can be seen in the Clerk's office. Contract payable in Warrants drawn on the Contingent Fund, and to be completed within thirty days from time of award. Bond in double the amount of contract price accompany bid.

D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.
By D. M. BURNS, Deputy.
May 17th, 1875. my21td

Putah Creek Canyon Toll Road.

ADAM SEE, President of the Putah Creek Canyon Toll Road Company, hereby gives notice to the public that the said Toll Road is declared impassable for the period of three months from and after this date, it being necessary to close it during that time, for the purpose of repairing the same, so as to make it a good, passable road.

Dated, May 14th, 1875.

ADAM SEE, President.
MICHAEL SEE, Secretary;
FRANCIS M. SEE, Treasurer.
my14-3t

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between JOHN M. RHODES and JOSEPH H. ARNOLD, under the firm name of RHODES & ARNOLD, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 14th day of May, 1875.

The affairs of the late firm will be settled and its business continued by JOHN M. RHODES. All persons indebted to the copartnership are requested to call at the Woodland Mills and pay their accounts.

JNO. W. RHODES,
Proprietor Woodland Steam Flouring Mills.
my28-4t

County Treasurer's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT there are Funds in the Treasury to redeem all Warrants registered as follows:

ON THE GENERAL FUND
All warrants prior to July 1st, 1874.

A. C. KEAN, Treasurer Yolo Co.
Woodland, May 15th, 1875. my28-3t

FARM FOR SALE!

Situate about one mile south by four miles west from Woodland, the N. W. ¼ of Section 3 (Three), and N. E. ¼ of Section 4 (Four), in Township 9 (Nine), Range 1 (One) East of Mount Diablo base and meridian.

This farm contains three hundred and twenty-four and sixty-eight one-hundredths acres (324 68-100). It has about 270 acres of Summer fallowed land ready for seed this Fall. The improvements consist of a Dwelling House with three good-sized rooms in it, a small Barn, lots fenced, a well of good water in yard. A good healthy location.

Apply to REV. J.

The Yolo Democrat.

Friday, June 4th, 1875.

Town and County Matters

Democratic County Convention.

At a meeting of the Democratic Central Committee of Yolo County, held at the Court House in Woodland, on Saturday, the Eighth day of May, 1875, it was

Resolved, That a County Convention of the Democracy meet at Woodland on

Saturday, June 26th, 1875,

To elect SEVEN DELEGATES to represent the Democracy of Yolo County in the Democratic State Convention, to be held in San Francisco on the TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF JUNE, 1875, and also in the Third Congressional District Democratic Convention.

Resolved, That the vote polled for J. W. Bost in 1873, for State Harbor Commissioner, be adopted as the basis of representation in said Convention, and that each Precinct be allowed one Delegate for the Precinct, one for every twenty-five votes cast for J. W. Bost at said election, and one delegate for every fraction of twenty-five over twelve.

The following are the number of Delegates to which the Precincts are entitled:

Washington	81	Votes	4	Delegates.
Fairview	24	"	2	"
North Grafton	25	"	2	"
Buckeye	108	"	5	"
Woodland	324	"	14	"
E. Cottonwood	77	"	4	"
W. Cottonwood	47	"	3	"
West Grafton	57	"	3	"
Cacheville	23	"	2	"
North Putah	119	"	6	"
South Putah	32	"	2	"
East Grafton	111	"	5	"
Merritt	45	"	2	"
			54	

Resolved, That the Democracy assemble in their primary capacity at the place of holding elections in the several precincts of the County between the hour of two o'clock P.M. and sundown on SATURDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1875, and choose Delegates to said Convention.

Resolved, That all qualified voters who are opposed to the present National Administration, and who will pledge themselves to vote for the nominees of the Democratic State Convention, shall be admitted to vote at the Primary Elections to be held under this call.

JASON WATKINS,
Chairman Democratic County Central Committee.
my14-td7

Board of Supervisors.

Matter of East Cottonwood road referred to Supervisor Mering.

Report of Viewers of Oakvale road approved and damages awarded—to R. Kach, $240; to Mrs. Bemmerly, $45.

Overseer of Washington and Foothills road ordered to remove obstructions near Wilgus' house.

Bids for construction of road through Cache Creek Canyon to California Quicksilver mines received as follows: From Lemon & Wing, $17,100; Thos. J. Hall, $10,000. Contract awarded to Mr. Hall; road to be completed by August 27th, 1875; bond and agreement filed.

Resignation of Wm. Sims, Justice of the Peace of Buckeye, accepted, and J. C. Hulse appointed to fill vacancy.

Petition of H. N. Cummings for vacating road on Sacramento river was denied.

Eighty-three dollars was ordered refunded to J. D. Stephens on account of erroneous assessment.

Petition and bond were filed in matter of road to West's ranch, and L. Friel, G. W. Bell and S. A. Bentley appointed viewers.

Davisville roads Nos. 101 and 102—hearing report continued to June 15th.

Buckeye road No. 104—Viewers report approved and damages awarded—to J. G. Allen, $60; M. Dexter, $50; Stephen Hill, $40; Mrs. L. Hoge, $40.

$255 87 deposited in bank to order of owners of land on line of river and Buckeye road, having been refused, was ordered returned to County Treasurer.

Majority report of viewers of Kach road approved, and road rejected.

No bids being presented for the construction of the Putah Canyon road, advertisement for proposals was ordered continued till June 15th, at 2 P.M.

Allowance to Alexander's family on Hospital Fund discontinued.

Supervisor J. K. Smith ordered to draw on Hospital Fund amount necessary for relief of Jas. Banister.

Board adjourned to June 15th.

YOLO COUNTY SPECKLED TICKET.—From recent appearances it is quite obvious that the following will be the "Speckled Ticket" for Yolo county this Fall: For Assembly, A. E. Wagstaff, (S.), of Woodland; for Sheriff, Carey Barney, (C.); For Clerk, D. M Burns, (B. T.); for County Judge, James O'Neal, (B.); for Assessor, F. A. Pedler, (T.); for Recorder, R. P. Davidson, (F. B.); for District Attorney, J. W. Snowball, (H. A. C.); for Treasurer, J. A. Hiller, (G.); for Superintendent of Public Schools, G. N. Freman, (M. W.); for Public Administrator, I. N. Hoag, (L. T.); for Surveyor, N. Wyckoff, (S. H.); for Coroner, Dr. H. Jackson, (E. P.). It will be seen by the above that the ticket is complete in every respect.

X.

THE THREE F's.—The other day as Wash Hyatt was about to enter the *Mail* office, he picked up a curiously shaped collar, which upon examination was found to be marked "F. F. F.," and supposed to belong to the editor. Wash, not being familiar with the meaning of those symbolic letters, made a rush for the street for information. On his way out he met his friend Pard Fenner, when the following conversation ensued:

Wash, very excitedly—"Say, Pard, say, what does this mean?" holding up the collar and pointing to the letters.

Pard, after a careful examination, deliberately replied: "Well, that belongs to Wag, and them letters mean Freeman, Freights and Fares."

CARRIED.—At the town election on Monday last the question as to imposing a tax for the purpose of organizing and equipping an efficient fire department was carried by the following vote: Tax—Yes, 139; Tax—No, 28; majority in favor, 111. Now the Trustees should set about immediately constructing reservoirs to furnish a sufficient water supply at all times. This can easily be done with the aid of the Water Works without very great expense.

FIRES.—On Sunday last a stable in the rear of F. M. Curry's residence fronting on Fourth street and belonging to J. H. Hall, was destroyed by fire, together with a quantity of hay, a wagon, one good horse nearly ruined, and two or three small outhouses. Damage, over $500. Yesterday morning a fire was discovered in the oven room of the Bakery which did some damage but was soon extinguished.

COLLARED.—The *Mail* keeps up its useless show of resistance to Senator Minis' candidacy for Surveyor General, and gives as its reason therefor that the DEMOCRAT heretofore slurred *Major* Freeman! We have heard of servants wearing their master's collars, but we did not know before that the *Mail* man wore the *Major's* so completely.

DETERMINED SUICIDE.—Harvey Smith, of Knights Landing, committed suicide by drowning himself in the Sacramento river at that place on Saturday evening last. To make sure work of it he attached to his body about twenty pounds of iron as a sinker.

A SECOND-HAND PIANO for sale cheap. Inquire at this office.

SERIOUS DAMAGE.—The north winds of the past week have been very damaging in their effects upon ripe grain by threshing it out. On the open plains, particularly, it has suffered greatly throughout the Sacramento Valley. Where protected by timber the effect has not been quite so bad. One extensive farmer informs us that he has some eight hundred acres of wheat, one hundred of which was the Sonora variety. This last was just ready for the header, and was so completely whipped out by the wind that it will not pay for cutting. Some portions of the remainder also suffered seriously, so that about half of the entire crop is lost. It was expected this crop would require 7,000 sacks, but now 4,000 will be plenty. We do not know to what extent this instance is a sample, but there are many other ranches that are similarly affected, and doubtless some even worse—those where the Sonora wheat was used, as that shells out most easily. Take it altogether this has been the most disappointing season we have ever seen for farmers in this State. It opened splendidly, and all went well till early Spring, when the drouth set in; then followed cool, favorable weather for three or four weeks, and the prospect improved wonderfully; and now for a finisher the north wind comes at a time to destroy some of the best crops. We can understand now how it is that the farmer never feels sure of a crop till it is in the sack. We hope, however, the disastrous effects of the north winds have not been general.

W., C. L. AND H. R. R.—Pursuant to adjournment, a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Woodland, Clear Lake and Humboldt Railroad Company was held at the Court House on the 28th ult., for the purpose of electing permanent officers and for the transaction of other business.

The officers elected are: F. S. Freeman, President; Chas. H. Davis, Vice President; J. D. Stephens, Treasurer; E. Bynum, Secretary.

A committee of three was elected to examine the most elegible routes from Woodland to Capay—the first section proposed to be constructed—also sites for depot grounds, etc. The following gentlemen compose the committee: C. S. Frost, F. S. Freeman, and J. D. Stephens.

The Secretary was authorized to procure 150 copies of printed By-laws for the use of stockholders. That officer was also instructed to notify parties who have not paid the first ten per cent. of stock that they are delinquent and if not paid by the 4th day of June legal steps will be taken to enforce payment.

The meeting was then adjourned to June 4th at the Court House in Woodland.

BUILDING.—Mr. George Martin is about erecting a new dwelling house on his ranch a mile and a half south-east of town. The main part will be 18 by 32 feet and two-story, with one story addition 16 by 28 feet. He will move his present house off so as to build the new one in the same beautiful grove of trees some twenty years old, one of which measures four feet in diameter six feet from the ground and the shade of which at noon covers an area 150 feet across.

FRATERNAL CALL.—Dana C. Pearson, travelling correspondent and editor of the *Resources of California*, called on us in his rounds the other day. The paper Mr. Pearson represents is ably conducted and is doing a good work in setting forth to the world the true condition of our State and its heretofore unknown resources. Mr. Pearson likes our town and county much and speaks highly of them. He is on his way up the valley.

CONGLOMERATION.—The Independent and Republican County Central Committees are both called to meet in Woodland, June 5th. They will doubtless mix things up so far as possible, notwithstanding Governor Booth's advice to the contrary. The *Mail* says it would like to see the Democrats unite with them on some of the candidates; but that is a groundless hope—oil and water will not mix.

LA CREME DE LA CREME.—No. 18 of this best of musical monthlies is to hand, published by J. L. Peters, 843 Broadway, N. Y., at $4 a year or 50 cents per number. The contents of No. 18 are: "In the Gondola," by Theodore Oesten; "La Gazelle," by R. Hoffman; "The Zephyr," by Theodore Oesten; and "Spinnlied," by Litolff. The music of this number in sheets would cost $2.

FINE BUGGY WORK.—Messrs. Dunphey & Knox of this place are building up a reputation as first-class workmen that is becoming extended. They are finishing off a buggy for a Sacramento customer that will stand the closest criticism. It is handsome, strong, light and we think cannot fail to be durable.

THE CIRCUS.—Queen's Circus and Menagerie travel by railroad. We learn that the special train is furnished for the season for $20,000, to visit all accessible points between San Francisco and Omaha. The exhibition is spoken of as "splendid," and yielded in this place alone nearly or quite $3,000.

BLIND TROUPE.—Prof. J. M. Wood has succeeded in reorganizing the old blind troupe of vocal and instrumental musicians, and they are now rehearsing at this place, preparatory to starting out on a concerting tour of the State. An entertainment will be given by them here in a short time.

THE JACKSON THRESHER.—This improved self-propelling machine will start out next week under the management of its inventor, Mr. Byron Jackson, of this place. All who know this machine are aware that it is as near perfection as any that has ever been invented.

NOT CORRECT.—The *Mail* states that G. W. Scott has lost half of his entire wheat crop of 1,800 acres by being threshed out by the north winds. Mr. Scott says only about one hundred acres has suffered badly—the rest had not been materially injured up to yesterday morning.

RACES.—The trotting race which came off at Ellis' track on last Saturday, between "Julius Cæsar," "John" and "Lola" was won by "Julius Cæsar," he taking the 1st, 2d and 4th heats, "John" taking the 3d. "Lola" was withdrawn before the race.

SUICIDAL.—The *Mail* is pushing Judge Hutton forward as its favorite for Congressional honors. We should be sorry to see the Judge so unmercifully slaughtered. To nominate him for Congress could but result in his utter defeat.

AUCTION.—There will be an Auction of household goods on Saturday, June 5th, in the room west of J. L. Simpson's drug store, consisting of chairs, stoves, tables, etc., one first-class sewing machine.

A. G. READ, Auctioneer.

THE FOURTH.—Just a month from to-day occurs our national independence anniversary, but as yet not a move has been made toward celebrating, so far as we have learned. It is time to be making arrangements.

FIRST PEACHES.—The first consignment of peaches was received in San Francisco on Monday. They were from the orchard of John J. Briggs, near Marysville.

THE ALLEGHANIANS.—This concert troupe, vocalists and bell-ringers, will be here shortly, as we learn by private note from the manager. The exact date is not stated.

IMMENSE INCREASE.—Wm. Hood, of San Francisco, who is also the pioneer wine manufacturer of Sonoma county, came to California in 1843. He purchased a piece of ground in San Francisco many years ago for $400, and has owned it ever since. It is now worth at least $150,000, and a new hotel just erected upon it is worth $300,000. It is of brick and iron, is handsomely designed, and has a frontage of 137 feet on Kearny street, 142 feet on Montgomery avenue, and 125 feet on Pacific street. It will contain 160 rooms. The hotel has been named the Crystal Palace, and Mr. Hornblower, formerly of Sacramento, will have the management.

SELECT READINGS AND IMPERSONATIONS.—Professor A. P. Barbank, the celebrated elocutionist, has been prevailed upon to visit Woodland and will give an entertainment at the Christian Church on Monday evening next, June 7th, consisting of select readings and impersonations of a dramatic and humorous order. Several of our townspeople have heard Mr. Barbank, and speak in the highest terms of his execution. He is very highly spoken of by Charlotte Cushman and other eminent personages who are fully competent to judge and recommend.

LAWYERS IN DANGER.—A few weeks ago Gen. M. G. Cobb, of San Francisco, was shot by a Mrs. Smith in consequence of some disagreement about property matters. The other day in the same city a Mrs. Loomis attempted to shoot Col. Barnes, another prominent lawyer, for the reason, as she alleges, that the Colonel furnished her daughter with money to go to Europe. He denies the charge and says the girl was abandoned by her mother, and he aided her from purely charitable motives. The assailant is in jail held to bail in $6,000.

DISTRICT COURT.—The case of Wright vs. Laugenour occupied most of the past week, closing on Wednesday afternoon by the jury rendering a verdict in favor of plaintiff for possession and $60 damages. This vexed case has been in litigation a long time, having been twice before the Supreme Court. It is now finally settled.

POSTED.—The *Mail* man seems to be well posted on the movements of the gamblers who visit our burg. Wonder how he finds out so much about them? Moral man, he is—must be on the inside.

THE PIONEER OF YOSEMITE GONE.—A dispatch to the Bay papers states that J. C. Lamon, the oldest settler of Yosemite, died on the evening of the 23d inst, aged 53. He was a native of Virginia, and came to California in 1850. His burial was attended by imposing funeral services. Two ministers officiated, and all the inhabitants of the village followed him to his grave—a large number riding on horseback. He was buried near the Yosemite Falls, where, as one of the ministers said, "its musical rythms would chant an eternal requiem."

BORN.

In Woodland, June 2d, to the wife of H. Kuhn, a Son.

In Woodland, June 3d, to the wife of T. B. Rindollar, a Son.

MARRIED.

At the Craft Hotel, Woodland, June 2d, by Elder J. N. Pendegast, Delos Saunders and Miss Ida Laura Cobb, both of Sutter county.

In Woodland, May 31st, by Rev. Jno. A. Banfield, Ah Lick, of Woodland, and Que Tim, of Sacramento.

IMPORTANT.—Endorsed by the Medical profession. DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS cures Coughs, Colds and Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Chest. DR. TOWNLEY'S TOOTHACHE ANODYNE cures in one MINUTE. fe12-20w6

LET THERE BE NO SECRETS IN MEDICINE, or rather no pretended secrets. The Medical Faculty publish as soon as made, all their discoveries, and almost all that is known of real value for the cure of disease has been discovered by them. DR. AYER takes the honorable, honest course, and right because it is honest. He goes to work and invents the best remedy which medical skill can devise for the cure of certain complaints; then publishes what it is, and maintains his control of it solely by making it cheaper, better, more perfect than anybody else can. If the people would exact this of all who offer medicine, they would have much less treacle and trash to swallow.

An Invaluable Traveling Companion.

Change of climate, water or diet is apt to induce harrassing and often dangerous diseases. The three changes combined are fatal to thousands of emigrants every year. Is it not, then, of the last importance to know that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are an absolute preventive of the hurtful consequences arising from these causes? Travelers, voyagers and emigrants to new countries cannot be too often reminded of the fact that this agreeable vegetable tonic is the most reliable safeguard against disorders to which they are far more liable than the habitual denizens of healthy regions. The primal effect of the unwholesome atmosphere which produces what are called malarious fevers, is to depress and debilitate the system. The body then becomes an easy prey to the malignant principle in the air. It is manifest, therefore, that the surest way to avoid all epidemic and endemic maladies of an intermittent type, is to counteract the weakening tendencies of miasma by artificial invigoration. That Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the surest resuscitant of flagging vigor, is a fact which is best appreciated wherever influences inimical to health exist. But it is not alone against malaria that they protect the system. They so toughen it as to enable it to endure with impunity extremes of heat and cold to which travelers are often subjected, and they neutralize those elements in unaccustomed water or diet which would otherwise beget disorders of the stomach and bowels. The brackish water by which voyagers by sea are often compelled to quench their thirst, is apt to provoke dysentery and other serious complaints, but when the Bitters are mixed with it, it becomes harmless. Truly this great protective invigorant is an invaluable traveling companion. je4

It is Asserted as a Fact

That every canvasser who has turned his attention to the introduction of the New Family Sewing Machine in his locality, or who has been fortunate enough to secure an agency, has outstripped the best efforts in making money of the old and tried Agents of the high-priced machines, which latter they now replace. The demand is enormous, and sales so rapid and money made so readily with so little effort that Farmers, Tradesmen, Speculators, &c., are flocking into the business as fast as they can secure territory and get their goods on the ground to supply anxious customers. It is marvelous how these machines sell when exhibited, it being a recognized fact that people will buy the best at the lowest price. It certainly is the Machine of the times and does the same work as other Machines at $80.00 or $90.00, and we really believe it would sell just as readily at double, and then not cost half the usual price of so good an article, for it is astonishing to see the vast amount of labor it performs at so low a cost. The inventors are daily inundated with testimonials of the worth of their new Machines which so suddenly and successfully bounded into popular favor. It proves to be just what is wanted every day, by every one, everywhere, who has a family. It has attained an enviable reputation in many thousands of homes and factories, for its solid strength, power, rapidity, simplicity, certainty, and ease of operation with extreme beauty, fineness and reliability of its sewing; while the wonderful low price (Twenty Dollars for a Large and complete Sewing Machine with a strong table and treadle), places all idea of competition entirely out of the question. It stands alone in its merits and price. We advise you to invest in one at once for your Wife, Daughter, Mother, Sister or Lady Friend and make a home happy, or put them in your factory, or what is better if you are lucky enough, secure an agency, if there is none in your town, and make money yourself. The many new attachments for doing extra fine, skillful and difficult work, are a surprise in their simplicity of construction and far below even "grange prices," and will be delivered safe at your door, no matter how remote you may reside, if you write for them. Address, ALPHONSE FAIRMAN, Manager, P. O. Box 989, N. Y. mh5-1y

THE NATIONAL GOLD MEDAL was awarded to Bradley & Rulofson for the best Photographs in the United States, and the Vienna Medal for the best in the world. 429 Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

GREAT

Land Sale!

THE GERKE RANCH,

COMPRISING

Fifteen Thousand Acres

Of the finest lands in the State, is now offered for sale in 40, 80 and 160-acre lots.

Sales Made by the Owner Direct

Or through agencies established by him.

NO MIDDLEMEN.

A FINE VINEYARD

Containing 100,000 vines, the youngest of which are 11 years old, capacity 100,000 gallons, will be included in the sale.

LOCATION.

THE GERKE RANCH is situated in Tehama and Butte counties. The California and Oregon Railroad traverses the eastern boundary for a distance of five miles, the Sacramento river bounding the west side. On the north flows Deer creek, which contains sufficient water to irrigate 50,000 acres; and the water right will be secured to every purchaser. The river is navigable to the farm at all seasons of the year.

HOMES.

To those seeking homes, this farm presents unusual attractions of soil, climate and location. The frost and drought which has been almost universally disastrous the present year has not injured the crops or vineyards in the least.

One hundred and fifty families can make themselves comfortable homes here.

Sale on Ranch, August 2, 1875,

(FIRST MONDAY IN AUGUST.)

TERMS OF SALE.

One-third cash; balance in one, two and three years at 10 per cent. per annum. Land may be purchased at private sale until the day of public sale.

TITLE, U. S. PATENT.

For further information apply to

DR. J. S. CAMERON,
Red Bluff, Tehama County, Cal.

GEORGE HAMLIN,
414 Market Street, San Francisco, Cal.,

Or to HENRY GERKE, on the Ranch.

VINA, May 1, 1875. my21-td

Grand Opening

—OF—

SPRING AND SUMMER

IMPORTATIONS

—AT THE—

White House

A. ALEXANDER

Begs to call the attension of Customers and the Public generally to one of the Most Attractive Stocks

—OF—

SPRING & SUMMER

Dry Goods

Ever displayed in Woodland, comprising the

LATEST NOVELTIES

—IN—

Silks,
French Dress Goods,
Shawls,
English Dress Goods,
Persian Dress Goods,

MALTESE SUITING,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

A. ALEXANDER

—AT THE—

White House

Specially invites the generous public to examine his Fine Selected Stock of

Boys' Clothing,

MEN'S CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS.

SPECIALTY:

CALIFORNIA CUSTOM-MADE

Ladies' and Children's

SHOES,

—AND—

Men's and Boys' French Calf

BOOTS!

A. ALEXANDER'S WHITE HOUSE.

mh26

[ESTABLISHED 1853.]

DALE & CO.,

PIONEER MUSIC STORE,

NO. 185 J ST., SACRAMENTO.

AGENTS FOR THE

KNABE PIANO FORTES

—AND THE—

Prince's Organs.

FRENCH AND GERMAN ACCORDEONS!

New Music received every day. Instruments Tuned and Repaired. Zephyr Wools and Embroideries. Toys and Fancy Goods in great variety.

Berlin Wool!

FIFTEEN CENTS PER FULL OUNCE!

—WITH—

BETTER SHADES,
BETTER WEIGHT,
BETTER QUALITY.

Than can be had anywhere else. mh5-3m

HURRY!

HURRY!

HURRY!

Great Excitement

—AT THE—

GREAT

SAN FRANCISCO

Auction Store!

GOODS & WARES

—FROM—

NEW YORK AND CHICAGO

AUCTIONS!

Taking Advantage of the Recent Decline in Prices

—OF—

ALL KINDS OF GOODS!

We have bought until our stock is

TOO LARGE FOR THE SEASON.

We shall therefore offer, until further notice,

Our Entire Stock

—AT—

ROCK BOTTOM

PRICES!

READ OUR PRICE LIST!

—AND THEN—

EXAMINE OUR GOODS,

And you will find them to be dirt cheap!

Dry Goods!

20 spools Brooks' & Coates' Spool Cotton for $1;
13 yards of best Merimac and Cocheco bordered Calico for $1;
8 yards of Canton Flannel for $1;
10 yards of Muslin for $1;
10 yards of good Crash for $1;
4 yards of White Flannel for $1;
4 yards heavy Kentucky Jean for $1;
8 yards Grass Linen for $1;
8 yards Bed Ticking for $1;
8 pair Ladies' Hose for $1;
10 Handkerchiefs for $1;
Ladies' Felt and Cassimere Skirts for $1.

LADIES'

Heavy Striped Shawls, $2.50.

All kinds of Dress Goods at 15 cents per yard;
Splendid Water-proof Goods at 75 cents per yard;
Black Alpaca, 25 to 37½ cents per yard, worth 75 cents;
Black gro grain Silk from $1.50 to $1.75.

Carpets and Oil Cloths!

Ingrain Carpets from 50 to 60 cents per yard;
Best 3-ply Carpets at $1.35 per yard;
Best Brussels Carpets at $1.25 per yard;
Oil Cloth at 50 cents per yard;
Matting at 20 cents per yard.

CLOTHING!

Men's Cassimere Suits from $10 to $15;
Men's Beaver Suits from $17 to $20;
Men's Cassimere Pants, from $1 to $5;
Men's Black and Brown Beaver Pants, $4 to $5;
Men's White Shirts, from 75c to $1.50;
Men's Under Shirts and Drawers, 37c to $1.00;
Boys' Suits, from $2 to $5;
Youth's Suits, from $5 to $10;
Boys' Pants, from $1 to $3.

BOOTS & SHOES!

Men's Boots from $2.50 to $5;
Boys' Boots, from $1 to $3;
Misses' and Children's Shoes from 50c to $1.25;

—AND A—

FULL ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' SHOES!

Crockery and Glassware,

NOTIONS, JEWELRY AND TOBACCO,

And everything sold at proportionately low prices.

BY FIRST CALLING AT THE

GREAT

SAN FRANCISCO

Auction Store,

Next Door to the Bank of Woodland,

You can save from 15 to 25 per cent. on everything you buy, and we are selling

CHOICE GOODS

At Less than any other house in the county.

OUR RULES ARE:

TREAT EVERYBODY WITH POLITENESS,

KEEP LOW PRICES!

NEVER OVERCHARGE,

Under any circumstances,

SELL AS LOW AS POSSIBLE!

BUY AND SELL FOR CASH ONLY.

☞ Facts and Figures do not lie.

N.B.—Everyone buying goods to the amount of $20 will receive a present of a good Calico Dress.

Come and be convinced, and come early if you want to secure BARGAINS at the GREAT

SAN FRANCISCO AUCTION STORE!

my21-3m GOSLINER & CO.

Announcement!

THE FOLLOWING LIST

—OF—

CHOICE GOODS

CAN BE FOUND AT

A. NICKELSBURG & BROS.

JUST RECEIVED

—FOR THE—

SUMMER

TRADE.

Plain Organdies,
Striped Organdies,
Figured Organdies,
Lace Organdies,
Figured Lace Organdies,
Flowered Lace Organdies,

Striped Piquets,
Figured Piquets,

MARSEILLES,

Victoria Lawns,
Bishop Lawns,
Linen Lawns,

Swiss,
Mull,
Tarlatans,
Jackonets,
Nainsooks,

ENGLISH LONGCLOTH!

Striped Nainsook,
Checked Nainsook,
Figured Nainsook,

Dress Linens,
Coating Linens,

Grass Cloth,
Grenadines,
Summer Poplins,
Pure Laces,
Imitation Laces,

Lace Curtains,
Embroideries,
Insertions,
Tuckings,
Puffings,
Flutings,

RUFFLINGS,
MARSEILLES TRIMMINGS.

Hamburg Laces!

Plain Shetland Shawls,
Shetland Shawls with Figures,
Shetland Shawls, Fancy Borders
Shetland Breakfast Shawls,
Fancy Spring Shawls,
San Francisco Trade Parasols,

Fancy Flowered Ribbons,
Fancy Flowered Neckties,

Sash Ribbons,
Grenadine Scarfs,
Night Gowns,
Chemises,
Tucked Shirts,

Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Infants' Embroidered Vests,
Marseilles Hats,
Marseilles Bonnets,
Misses' and Infants' Fancy Cotton Hose,

All colors of Chambrey,
All colors of Chambrey Lawn,
All colors of French Cambric,

—AND A—

WELL SELECTED STOCK

—OF—

LADIES' KID AND LISLE GLOVES.

☞ We respectfully submit the above to the inspection of the Public.

A. NICKELSBURG & BRO.

sp20-3m

New Goods!

Levy & Haines

—HAVE—

Just Received

—A Splendid and—

LARGE STOCK

—OF—

LATEST STYLE

SUMMER

GOODS;

—CONSISTING OF—

Dress & Fancy

GOODS!

Ladies,' Misses & Children's

HATS,

And Furnishing Goods!

—AS ALSO A LARGE AND—

Splendidly Selected Stock

—OF—

MEN'S and BOYS'

CLOTHING

—AND—

Furnishing Goods!

Men's and Boys' Hats,

BOOTS AND SHOES!

CARPETS

—AND—

OIL CLOTHS!

LEVY & HAINES.

my20

1875. FOR THE 1875.

SUMMER

SEASON.

We have just received a Beautiful Stock of

NEW

Dress Goods,

BATISTES,

Linens, French & English Prints,

And a Full Line of

BLACK SILKS,
COLORED SILKS,
SUMMER SILKS,
POPLINS,

—ALSO—

A Good Assortment of

LINEN SUITS,

THE BEST-MADE GOODS IN THE MARKET!

S. LIPMAN & CO.,

129 J STREET, Corner Fifth,

SACRAMENTO, CAL.

☞ Samples sent and orders promptly attended to. my7 3m

S. J. NATHAN & CO.,

POPULAR CLOTHIERS,

COR. K AND THIRD STS.,

SACRAMENTO,

ARE IN THE FIELD WITH A

Mammoth Stock

—OF—

Spring and Summer

GOODS,

Embracing every variety of style and material

—IN—

Gents', Boys' and Children's

CLOTHING!

ALL OF THE LATEST IMPORTATIONS.

Our Stock of Furnishing Goods was never more Complete than now.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS IN

FANCY SHIRTINGS.

A full line of Trunks, Satchels & Valises of best make.

We shall spare no effort to maintain a well-earned reputation for

FIRST-CLASS GOODS AND REASONABLE PRICES!

As well as prompt and polite attention to the wishes of our customers.

S. J. Nathan & Co.,

COR. K AND THIRD STS.,

Sign of the Drinking Fountain.

my7-3m

The Yolo Democrat.

Friday, June 4th, 1875.

Scottish Poetry.

The following true story, so graphically descriptive of a poor mother compelled to earn her bread upon the harvest field, is from the pen of an uneducated Scottish peasant, whose life story seemed to be one long struggle with poverty and despair. It may prove of interest to those of our readers capable of understanding the pithy Doric in which it is written. It has not, to our knowledge, been previously published, though written some forty years ago:

I saw, upon the harvest field,
A mother and her child;
The mother looked disconsolate,
The bairnie never smiled.

It did not laugh, as it was wont,
It neither stirred nor played,
But by the stook's warm sunny side
Lay still where it was laid.

The mother kissed it tenderly,
And wrapped it in her plaid,
And clappit it, and dantit it,
And stroked its curly head.

Then looked upon it mournfully,
And tears fell on its face,
As she fondled it and folded it,
In a farewell embrace.

But when she went, in faint complaint,
Her ear with anguish shook,
And back she turned, and came again,
To take a last, fond look.

And closer yet she laid the sheaves
To shield it from the breeze,
And kneeled once more to comfort it
Upon her trembling knees.

And gladly she had watched it there,
But the hour of rest expired;
And she was called again to toil,
And slowly she retired.

Her children's bread depended on
The labors of her arm,
And there she left that child alone,
And hoped it safe from harm.

But every handful which she laid
Behind her in the sheaf,
She cast on her sick infant's couch
A stealthy look of grief.

And when the long and weary rig
To the uttermost was shorn,
She hurried back before the rest,
To soothe her latest born.

But when she came where it was laid
She started back in fear,
To see its altered countenance,
And then again came near.

Its large, black eyes were firmly closed,
Its wee, white hands were chill,
And deep, solemnity reposed
On its face so pale and still.

It neither answered to her voice,
Nor raised its drooping head, [sighed;
Nor breathed, nor smiled, nor sobbed, nor
Alas! the child was dead.

Its dying struggle was unseen,
Its infant soul had fled,
While its poor mother struggled hard
To earn her daily bread.

And those fond mothers who have seen
The greenest, loveliest leaf
Of their life's summer withering,
Will know that mother's grief.

General Items.

Wild pigeons are just now very plentiful at Freestone, Sonoma county.

The District Convention of the Good Templars meets in Vallejo on Sunday, June 5th.

Mrs. Muybridge has at last been granted $50 a month alimony *pendente lite* in her suit with the great photographer.

The Russian River *Flag* states that the Napa Valley Railroad will probably be continued to the new town of Kellogg.

Santa Cruz has been having trouble over her election for town officers, caused by using tickets that were only four inches wide.

Several children of one family were buried together in Rensselaer county, N. Y., having died almost simultaneously of diphtheria.

The San Francisco *Post* says it is notorious that one-third of the police force of that city do nothing but lounge around the police office.

The big grape-vine in Santa Barbara is dying, and there is some talk of digging up the trunk and exhibiting it at the Philadelphia Centennial.

Most people drift. To do this is easy. It costs neither thought nor effort. On the other hand, to resist the tide one must have resolution and principle.

A tornado which swept through Georgia on May 1 is shown by full reports from all the counties to have killed fifty-four persons and wounded sixty-three.

The Santa Cruz *Sentinel* states that the surveyors have commenced operations at Half-moon Bay for the Coast Narrow gague Railroad from San Francisco to Santa Cruz.

Don Juan Forster has a pretty fair sized farm, as the world goes. His Santa Margarita ranch, in San Deigo county, consists of twenty-four leagues or within a trifle of 100,000 acres.

Mrs. Theodore Tilton has leased the Titus property, at Cornwall, on the Hudson, and will, it is said, "make it the Mecca of the Plymouth coterie during the coming summer."

Edward C. Marshall, son of Chief Justice Marshall, is a clerk in the pension office at Washington on a salary of $1,200. He is said, in looks and bearing, to strikingly resemble his father.

Two publicans near London have been fined each £60 for having in their possession a mixture of treacle, sugar and water, used for the adulteration of ale. It was not proved that they had so employed it.

The *Daily News* special from Vienna says a person was arrested in that city who was the bearer of an anonymous letter containing an offer to assassinate Bismark for a million florins—writer unknown.

Grant's wages per day, including Sunday, is just $137 07. By way of experiment and just to see how it would affect the third term project, he might drop the Sunday per diem for awhile and take all that came otherwise and secularly.

In June there will be millions of silver in the United States Trasury, and in September, ten millions. Then the Secretary can begin to put in operation the law authorizing silver coin to be paid out and fractional currency withdrawn.

Under the act of Congress offering one hundred and sixty acres of land to any person who would plant forty acres of them in trees and cultivate them for eight years, about 1,100 persons had taken up 170,000 acres of land in Minnesota up to January.

Leland Standford, in an interview a few days ago, declared as his opinion that the arrivals in this State from the East would exceed the departures Eastward by 75,000 during the current year. Since January 1st, the arrivals have averaged over 6,000 monthly.

A Stockton paper says: S. S. Burge handed us, Saturday, a bunch of wheat picked from a field on George Mosher's ranch, on the Calaveras, which is the best we have seen this year. The heads average six inches in length. It is of the "white Australia" variety and is grown on irrigated ground.

The irrigation meeting at Colusa was well attended by the leading persons and land owners. Strong ground was taken against the State controlling the scheme. A committee was appointed to report at an adjourned meeting to be held on August 24th. Great interest was manifested by the land owners.

The State Library of Virginia has been presented with a portrait of Pocahontas, which is said to be an exact copy, made by the elder Sully in 1830, of the original portrait of the Indian princess during her visit to England, between the years 1616 and 1617. It has been in possession of the decendants of Pocahontas up to the present time.

The bridge across the north fork of the Yuba river at Downieville gave way May 25th while an eight-horse team having a wagon loaded with 12 000 lbs. of pig iron, was crossing. The driver, animals and wagon were precipitated into the river, falling about 15 feet. Dick Miller, the driver, fortunately escaped with a few bruises and the team was not hurt.

One of the most wonderful cities in the world is Bankok, the capital of Siam On either side of the wide, majestic stream, moored in regular streets and alleys, extending as far as the eye can reach, are upwards of seventy thousand neat little houses, each house floating on a compact raft of bamboos and the whole intermediate space of the river is one dense mass of ships, junks, and boats of every conceivable shape, color and size.

Julius Martin,

SUCCESSOR TO

SNOWBALL & MARTIN,

MAIN STREET,

Knights Landing,

YOLO COUNTY, CAL.,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS

AND ALL KINDS OF

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

SELLS ON REASONABLE TERMS

—AND AT—

SMALL PROFITS.

☞ THE PATRONAGE OF THE PUBLIC IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

ap29-3m

Geo. D. Fiske,

Real Estate

AND INSURANCE AGENT,

P. O. Block, Woodland.

My arrangements with San Francisco, Sacramento and Eastern Agencies for the sale of Real Estate, and for bringing the rich farming lands of Yolo County to the notice of Immigrants being complete, I am prepared to find purchasers for Large and Small Ranches. Have

Immediate sale for several small Farms!

Anyone having a large tract that can be subdivided will do well to call at once.

☞ Would also like a tract of from 5,000 to 8,000 acres that can be subdivided into from 75 to 100 small farms for an Eastern colony.

Real Estate Sales of the Office since September last amounting to $150,000.

Town of Woodland Property.

Lots containing from one to five acres, within and near the Corporation,

FOR SALE CHEAP AND ON EASY TERMS.

Houses and Stores for Rent.

ap16

$20 MAKE HOME HAPPY, $20

AND EARN $30 OR $40 PER DAY.

Marvelous Mechanism.

Ingenious Invention.

Absolute Perfection.

An Elegant, Durable and Full-Sized

Sewing Machine!

WITH TABLE And TREADLE

COMPLETE FOR DOMESTIC USE

—FOR—

TWENTY DOLLARS!

Unparalelled in price.
With many important, superior and valuable improvements.
Equal in size, and does the same work, in the same way as an $80 or $100 machine.
The best, simplest and cheapest machine ever made.
Written guarantee for Five years with every Machine.
No Superior! No Competition! No Rival in quality and price.
A skilful and practical scientific accomplishment of a most wonderful combination of all the good qualities of a Sewing Machine, and fully acknowledged to be a perfectly successful mechanical achievement of practical simplicity, Thoroughly tested. Used in thousands of homes. The Favorite of the Family Circle.
It does not take an hour to get ready to do a minute's work, but is always ready in a moment to do a day's work.
It will save its cost many times over in one season, doing the work of the Family, or it will earn Four or Five Dollars a Day for any man or woman who may wish to do sewing for a living.
Is so plain and easy to learn, and smooth to run, the children and servants can use it.
So strong and solid built, it will last a generation if properly cared for.
Has no superfluous Cogs or Cams to get out of order.
Sews equally fine with coarse cotton, linen, silk or twine.
Rapidly sews a strong seam over all kinds of goods from Finest Cambric up to Heaviest Broadcloth and Leather without stopping the machine.
Runs faster, lighter, more easy and quiet than any other machine at five times the price.
Uses the strong, straight needle.
Marvelously true in every motion.
Sews the finest, firm and lasting stitch.
Makes the only seam that can not be ripped apart without destroying the fabric. The strength, beauty, evenness and durable qualities of which have long been accued.
Will sew anything it is possible for a needle to go through.
Will do every description of sewing ever done on any other machine no matter what the price, and with less trouble.
Will Hem, Fell, Tuck, Seam, Quilt, Braid, Cord, Bind, Gather, Ruffle, Shirr, Pleat, Fold, Scollop, Roll, Embroider, Run-up-Breadths, &c., &c., with astonishing Ease, Rapidity and Neatness.
Has received Testimonials of its Merits from all sections of the country, marks of distinguished consideration seldom voluntarily accorded to an invention of Similar Domestic Usefulness.
Our Many New Attachments, Patented August 18, 1870; September 26, 1871; July 7, 1874. Made to fit all machines, are the attainment of precision in mechanical accuracy, for rendering it easy for even those who never saw a machine before, to do the finest kind of Fancy Needle Work, otherwise difficult and tedious, with the utmost ease and rapidity. Simple in construction. Needs no teaching. Money Refunded after thorough trial, if not satisfactory in every particular.
Cash Prices of Machines.
Machines with Plain Table, Iron Stand and Treadle, complete with all the necessary fixtures for immediate use, $20. Machines, with Cover, lock and key, half case style, $25. Machines, with Cover, drop leaf, four side drawers, locks, keys, etc., three quarter Cabinet style, $40. Machines with enclosed Table, side drawers, paneled folding doors, locks and keys, Full Cabinet style, $75.
Tables are of Various Styles, Materials, Mountings, Richness of Design, etc., according to Price.
Machines Carefully Selected, Securely Packed and Shipped as Freight to any part of the world. Safe delivery insured on receipt of price without further Charges. Descriptive Books with Illustrated Engravings of the different styles of Machines and Attachments, Large Profits, Testimonials, Samples of Sewing, Liberal Inducements to Canvassers. Wholesale Prices, etc., forwarded Free of Charge upon application. Exclusive agency for large territory granted Gratis to Respectable, Enterprising Business Men, Clergymen, Teachers, etc., who will introduce the Extraordinary Merits of our goods to the People of their locality and Supply the Increasing Demand. Address,

ALPHONSE FAIRMAN,
MANAGER,
mh5 1y P. O. Box 5289, New York.

GEO. LEWALD

(Successor to FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN)

—DEALER IN—

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
CROCKERY,
HARDWARE,

OILS, PAINTS

—AND—

WALL-PAPER!

Agent for the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine.

☞ Goods Sold on Favorable Terms.

my1-3m

H. B. WOOD,

—DEALER IN—

Agricultural IMPLEMENTS,

MACHINERY, HARDWARE,
WOODENWARE,
Paints and Oils,
MAIN ST., WOODLAND.

The latest improved Machinery and Agricultural Implements, which he sells at San Francisco prices.

He also calls attention to his

Iron and Wood-worker's Tools,

And Stock-in-Trade, consisting in

IRON, STEEL, COAL, SPRINGS, AXLES, BOLTS, NAILS, LOCKS, SCREWS, HINGES, ETC., ETC.

CASTINGS FOR MACHINERY,

Cutlery, in Every Style,

CORDAGE, BLASTING POWDER,

Fuse, and all kinds of Ammunition.

The stock of PAINTERS' FINDINGS is large and complete, consisting of

Paints, Oils, Brushes, Window-Glass, ETC., ETC.

THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, MECHANICS AND BUILDERS

Is particularly invited to his stock, each line of which is complete, and will be sold at very low prices.

H. B. WOOD.

WOODLAND, Sept. 24, 1874. mh25-tf

NEW STOCK

—OF—

CARPETS!

FOR SPRING TRADE,

ARRIVING DAILY!

—ALSO—

PAPER HANGINGS

—AND—

DECORATIONS,

PICTURES, FRAMES, ETC.

Now is the time to see

NEW STYLES & PATTERNS

At Low Prices!

WE DEFY COMPETITION

—AND SELL AT—

The Lowest Prices on the Pacific Coast.

B. COHEN,

(SUCCESSOR TO WM. SHARP & CO.,)

No. 115 and 117 J Street,

Between Fourth and Fifth,

SACRAMENTO.

mh5-3m

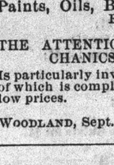
WOODLAND POULTRY YARDS!

Unsurpassed on the Pacific Coast.

IMPORTED FROM THE MOST CELEBRATED YARDS IN THE EAST!

FOWLS for SALE

BUFF, WHITE, BLACK AND PARTRIDGE



COCHINS!

DARK & LIGHT BRAHMAS!

White and Brown Leghorns,
Silver Spangled Hamburgs,
White Polands,
Houdans, and
GOLDEN SEBRIGHT BANTAMS!

Reduced Price!

BRONZE TURKEYS AND ROUEN DUCKS!

Eggs from $3 to $6 per doz.

Address, DR. W. J. PRATHER,
ap15-3m Woodland, Cal.

A Healthful Article.

CUTTER'S POCKET INHALER AND CARBOLATE OF IODINE INHALANT,

FOR SALE AT

Reindollar's Drug Store,

Is a most wonderful remedy for the care of Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hoarseness, etc. Try it and see how it is yourself. m26-tf

T. B. Reindollar,

Successor to Ruggles & Reindollar,

Dealer in all kinds of

Drugs,
Medicines,
Paints,
Oils,
Glass,
Brushes,
Perfumery,

BOOKS, STATIONERY, LAMPS,

And everything found in a

First-Class Drug Store.

Physicians' Prescriptions

ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED,

Day or night, by

The Proprietor.

ONE DOOR WEST OF PORTER'S STORE, OPPOSITE THE COLLEGE.

ap25-3m Woodland.

THE STATE INVESTMENT

—AND—

INSURANCE COMPANY!

FIRE AND MARINE.

Cash Assets, - Over $350,000.

Principal Office, 409 California Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

OFFICERS:

PETER DONAHUE, *President*,
A. J. BRYANT, *Vice-President*,
CHARLES H. CUSHING, *Secretary*,

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Peter Donahue, H H Haight, C D O'Sullivan, J D Coughlin, R Harrison, A H Rutherford, John J Marks, E W Corbett, Geo O McMullin, A J Bryant, Frank M Pixley, E Burke, J W Nye, H H Watson, Alexander Austin, P J White, W A Piper, M Mayblum, Richard Ivers, John Rosenfeld.

P. H. Russell, *Sacramento*, Jno G Downey, F P F Temple, *Los Angeles*. Wm. Bihler *Sonoma County*. H W Searle, *Mayfield*.

The State Investment Co. has no connection with Insurance Combinations; its business is transacted at the lowest paying rates of premium; each hazard is judged of by its own merits, and treated without reference to arbitrary rules or vexatious regulations.

M. W. THOMAS,

AGENT WOODLAND AND YOLO CO.,

OFFICE:

AT REINDOLLAR'S DRUG STORE

MAIN ST., WOODLAND. my1-3m

AYER'S

SARSAPARILLA,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

This compound of the vegetable alteratives, Sarsaparilla, Dock, Stillingia and Mandrake with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron makes a most effectual cure of a series of complaints which are very prevalent and afflicting. It purifies the blood, purges out the lurking humors in the system, that undermine health and settle into troublesome disorders. Eruptions of the skin are the appearance on the surface of humors that should be expelled from the blood. Internal derangements are the determination of these same humors to some internal organ, or organs, whose action they derange, and whose substance they disease and destroy. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA expels these humors from the blood. When they are gone, the disorders they produce disappear, such as Ulceration of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhœa arising from internal ulceration and uterine disease, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation and General Debility. With their departure health returns.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & Co.,

LOWELL, MASS.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

This standard article is compounded with the greatest care.

Its effects are as wonderful and satisfactory as ever.

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color.

It removes all eruptions, itching and dandruff; and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean.

By its tonic properties it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, preventing baldness, and making the hair grow thick and strong.

As a dressing, nothing has been found so effectual or desirable.

Dr. A. A. Hayes, State Assayer of Massachusetts, says of it: "I consider it *the best preparation* for its intended purposes."

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

FOR THE WHISKERS!

This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any other undesirable shade, to brown or black, at discretion. It is easily applied, being in *one preparation*, and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color which will neither rub nor wash off.

MANUFACTURED BY

R. P. HALL & Co., Nashua, N. H.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

jy10-1y2

DESIRABLE TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

J. H. HALL offers his HOUSE AND LOT where he resides, 160 feet on Fourth street by 145 feet deep, well improved, for sale. It can be bought very low—mostly on time. Please to call and see it; it is the cheapest place in Woodland. ap30-2m

Yolo Planing Mill,

MACHINE SHOP,

—AND—

Manufactory for Elevators and Self-Feeders for Threshing Machines,

COR. OF OAK AVENUE AND RAILROAD STS.,

One Block South of Hesperian College.

The undersigned hereby notifies the public that he has purchased the Yolo Planing Mill and added to it a Machine and Blacksmith Shop, made extensive repairs and improvements and put in new and improved machines with a view to establishing a

MANUFACTORY FOR ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

And to do a General Milling Business in all its Departments.

Doors, Sash, Casings, Inside Finish, Brackets, Scroll Sawing, Wood and Iron Turning, Boring out Steam Cylinders and Douglas Pumps (of any size), Door and Window Frames and Moldings of all kinds made to order, Etc., Etc.

CONTRACTING AND JOBBING

Left to Contractors, House Builders and Carpenters, whose patronage is especially solicited, and

Good Work Guaranteed!

As None but First-Class Workmen will be employed. Besides, he is prepared to do

BLACKSMITHING!

AND REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

—AND—

STEAM ENGINES!

Will Manufacture Harrows, Cultivators, and anything in his line of business that may be ordered, at as reasonable rates as can be done in San Francisco.

ap2-3m BYRON JACKSON.

C. D. MORIN,

At his Old Stand, Opposite the Bank of Woodland,

Is prepared to do all kinds of

PLUMBING, GAS-FITTING,

—AND—

METAL ROOFING,

And Manufacturer of

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Wares,

ALSO, DEALER IN

STOVES,

PUMPS,

Iron and Galvanized Pipes of all sizes.

AGENT FOR THE

Celebrated "Union Range."

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

Of all kinds in his line.

GALVANIZED IRON

Water Tanks!

All Sizes, made to Order.

AGENCY FOR

Rose's deep well Force Pumps.

TOOLS FOR BORING WELLS

Can be had at my Store.

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY Promptly attended to.

☞ SHOP ON MAIN STREET, (Next to Gray and Wood's Hardware Store.)

my1-3m C. D. MORIN.

H. WACHHORST,

IMPORTING WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

79 J street, Sacramento,

BET. THIRD AND FOURTH,

Invites attention to his

Magnificent Stock of Genuine Sterling Silverware.

Ornamented and for the Table—925 fine, warranted to retain its beautiful whiteness and not change to a greyish shade like coin quality of Silver Forks and Spoons.

JEWELRY. My selection is one of the rarest and most valuable in the State, in Diamond Sets, Stone Cameo, Amethyst, Coral and Solid Gold Sets.

RINGS. An endless variety of every description, from Plain Solid Gold to the most elegant Diamond Settings.

CHAINS. Opera, Neck, Opera Guard, Chatelain, and Vest Chains, all the new elegant patterns.

SUNDRIES. Lockets, Charms, Seals, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Collar Buttons, Gents' Gold Headed Walking Canes, etc.

WATCHES. Chronometers, Chronographs, (quarter and one-fifth second) for timing horses, fine English and Swiss watches, American watches from the best manufactories, which I will forward to any part of the country at factory prices.

CLOCKS. From the plainest to the finest French Pendules.

DEALERS In these articles from the interior will be allowed a liberal discount.

Orders Promptly Filled.

Chronometers, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by the best workmen and warranted.

My customers enjoy this advantage: I purchase my goods for cash from the factories and sell cheaper than any other dealer here.

Remember the Sign of the Town Clock.

79 J street, between 3d and 4th.

mh20-3m

J. K. SMITH,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

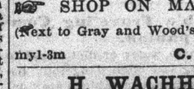
FURNITURE and BEDDING,

COLLEGE BLOCK,

Main Street, - Woodland,

Opposite Craft Hotel.

Undertaking



Promptly attended to, and at satisfactory prices.

A Fine New Hearse in connection with the business.

mh5-3m J. K. SMITH

PACIFIC SALOON!

Chris. Sieber, - - Proprietor

Successor to H. Zirker, deceased.

I keep the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and respectfully invite all my friends and the public to come and see me.

PACIFIC SALOON,

Opp. the College, Main St., Woodland.

ap24-3m

E. BYNUM & CO.,

WEST END OF NEW COLLEGE BLOCK,

Main St., Woodland,

Dealers in all kinds of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES,

PURE WINES and LIQUORS,

For Medicinal Purposes,

—AND—

EVERYTHING USUALLY FOUND IN A

FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE!

—ALSO—

WINDOW GLASS,

ATLANTIC LEAD,
LINSEED OIL,
CASTOR OIL,
POLAR OIL,
—AND—
TURPENTINE,
—AND—
ALL ARTICLES USED BY PAINTERS.

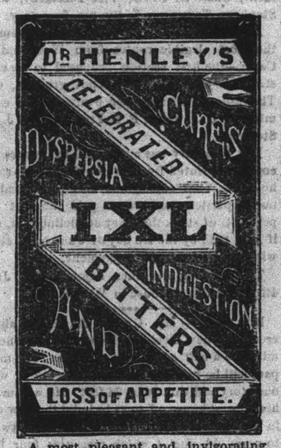
Prescriptions Carefully AND ACCURATELY Compounded—Day or Night—

—BY A—

THOROUGHLY COMPETENT DRUGGIST.

None but the Purest Medicines Used.

ap17-3m



A most pleasant and invigorating tonic. Recommended by all the eminent Physicians throughout the United States.

Every family should have it in the house.

Read certificates on each bottle. Sold by all Liquor Dealers and Druggists.

H. EPSTEIN & CO.,
Sole Proprietors.

518 FRONT ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

ap16-3m

Fits Cured Free!

Any person suffering from the above disease is requested to address DR. PRICE, and a trial bottle of medicine will be forwarded by Express.

FREE!

The only cost being the Express charges, which owing to my large business, are small. DR. PRICE is a regular physician, and has made the treatment of

FITS OR EPILEPSY

A study for years, and he will warrant a cure by the use of his remedy.

Do not fail to send to him for a trial bottle; it costs nothing, and he

WILL CURE YOU,

No matter of how long standing your case may be, or how many other remedies may have failed.

Circulars and testimonials sent with

FREE TRIAL BOTTLE.

Be particular to give your Express, as well as your Postoffice direction, and Address,

DR. CHAS. T. PRICE,

ja8-52t 67 William Street, New York.

A. D. PORTER

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCER

—AND—

Dealer in Produce Generally.

MAIN ST., WOODLAND.

mh6-3m

THE BEST IN THE WORLD!

NO HOUSEKEEPER CAN MAKE SWEET AND WHOLESOME BREAD WITHOUT IT.

This well-known and long established YEAST POWDER is now in great demand. Sales increasing daily. Now 25 gross per day to the trade. D. CALLAHAN, now sole manufacturer and proprietor, uses no drugs—no bone dust; pure white cream of Tartar, imported direct and ground on the premises, being the chief ingredient.

Always on hand and for sale at lowest prices:

Callaghan's Yeast Powder, In 1 lb cans, a superior article.

Callaghan's Cream of Tartar, In all style of packages.

Callaghan's Pure English Bi-Carbonate of Soda and Saleratus.

For Sale by All Grocers.

—ALSO—

Cream of Tartar Crystals and English Bi-Carbonate of Soda, in kegs.

For sale by

D. CALLAGHAN & CO., Manufacturers,

121 FRONT STREET, San Francisco.

ap16-3m

WOODLAND BAKRY,

First Street,

Opposite Central Hall, near Capital Hotel.

O. SCHLUER, - Proprietor.

A Supply of

Bread, Cakes, Pies, Crackers, Etc., always on hand, and delivered to any part of town if desired.

Balls and Parties

Supplied on short notice. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited. my21

Knights Landing.

Huston Bros.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

The Largest Assortment

—OF—

SPRING GOODS

Ever Seen in the Town of

KNIGHTS LANDING!

Consisting of everything kept in a General Merchandise Establishment, such as

FANCY DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES.

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,

HARDWARE,

MACHINERY,

And our own importation of

Bain Wagons!

☞ We shall be pleased to have you call and examine, and we take pleasure in showing you our goods. ap16-3m

ATTENTION, EVERYBODY.

Latest News.

F. M. HALL,

Main Street, Woodland,

Manufacturer —OF— And Dealer —IN—

ALL KINDS OF

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron-ware,

Having just returned from San Francisco with a complete assortment of all goods in his line, would respectfully call the attention of those wishing to purchase anything in his line, to his FULL STOCK, which he will sell at very REASONABLE PRICES; his stock consists in part of

Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

PUMPS AND PIPES, of all kinds,

GAS FIXTURES,

Nails, Screws, Hinges, Etc.,

WASH-BOARDS, CHURNS,

Galvanized Iron Wash Tubs,
Waffle Irons,
Gem Pans,
Sad Irons,
Rubber Hose,

COFFEE MILLS,

Knives and Forks, Spoons, Scrubbing and Horse Brushes, Curry Combs, Etc., Etc.

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

RICHMOND RANGE

—AND—

Empire City Cook Stove!

The Best Stoves Now in Use.

Also for THE PEOPLE'S DEEP WELL FORCE PUMP, the best and cheapest Deep Well Force Pump now in use, and also for the

CATCH-ME-ALIVE MOUSE TRAP,

BLAKE'S UNIVERSAL FLUTER,

EMPRESS KNIFE POLISHER,

And other useful inventions.

☞ Particular attention given to Repairing and Job Work. Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. my4 3m

Furniture & Undertaker's

ESTABLISHMENT!

P. KRELLENBERG,

Dealer in all kinds of

FURNITURE AND BEDDING!

A large assortment always on hand, which will be sold at reasonable prices!

—ALSO,—

GENERAL UNDERTAKER,

Having recently purchased the fine new Hearse and Stock of Coffins with the business heretofore conducted by J. H. BROGAN, I am prepared to supply Coffins and Hearse for Funerals anywhere in this vicinity.

Store, Cor. Third and Main Sts.,

Opp. Pockman's Livery Stables.

mh11-3m WOODLAND.

Consumption Cured.

To the Editor of Yolo Democrat:

ESTEEMED FRIEND:—

Will you please inform your readers that I have a positive

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

And all disorders of the Throat and Lungs and that, by its use in my practice, I have cured hundreds of cases, and will give

$1,000.00

For a case it will not benefit. Indeed, so strong is my faith, I will send a SAMPLE FREE, to any sufferer addressing me.

Please show this letter to any one you may know who is suffering from these diseases, and oblige,

Faithfully yours,

DR. T. F. BURT,

ja3-26t 60 William St., New York.

C. H. DAVIS. JAS. VEIRS.

WOODLAND MEAT MARKETS.

CHAS. H. DAVIS & CO., Proprietors.

Good Beef,

MUTTON, VEAL,

—ALSO—

PORK, SAUSAGE, SALT MEATS, ETC.,

Constantly on hand. ap16-3m

BUCKEYE AND COTTONWOOD STAGE!

After July 1st, 1874, the Stage for Cottonwood and Buckeye, carrying United States Mails, will LEAVE WOODLAND every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings at half-past Six. Returning, will LEAVE BUCKEYE at One P.M., via Cottonwood.

Passengers will find this an easy and comfortable conveyance

All business matters entrusted to me will attended to with promptness and fidelity.

ocs J. G. ALLISON, PROPRIETOR.

PAINTS AND OILS,

For sale at

SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE.

THE YOLO DEMOCRAT.

SUPPLEMENT.

VOL. 8. WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY, CAL., FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1875. NO. 29.

The Ninety and Nine.

AS SUNG BY MR. SANKEY IN GREAT BRITAIN.

There was ninety and nine that safely lay
In the shelter of the fold,
But one was out on the hills away,
Far off from the gates of gold.
Away on the mountains wild and bare,
Away from the tender Shepherd's care.

"Lord, thou hast here thy ninety and nine;
Are they not enough for thee?"
But the Shepherd made answer: "This of mine
Has wandered away from me:
And although the road be rough and steep,
I go to the desert to find my sheep."

But none of the ransomed ever knew
How deep were the waters crossed;
Nor how dark was the night that the Lord passed through
Ere he found his sheep that was lost.
Out in the desert he heard its cry—
Sick and helpless, and ready to die.

"Lord, whence are those blood-drops all the way,
That mark out the mountain's track?"
"They were shed for one who had gone astray
Ere the Shepherd could bring him back."
"Lord, whence are thy hands so rent and torn?"
"They are pierced to-night by many a thorn."

And all through the mountains, thunder-riven,
And up from the rocky steep,
There rose a cry to the gate of heaven,
"Rejoice! I have found my sheep!"
And the angels echoed around the throne,
"Rejoice, for the Lord brings back his own!"

The Moas.

The American Museum of Natural History at Central Park has just acquired a grand series of skeletons of the great extinct birds, the moas, of which we give illustrations on page 397. Dr. Haast, the curator of Canterbury Museum at Christ Church, New Zealand, informed several of the great museums of the world that he had for exchange a series of six perfect skeletons, including five species of the above-mentioned, and about twice that number of skeletons, more or less perfect, which are valuable for purposes of study. The trustees of the American Museum, in accordance with their settled policy to procure the most desirable material, telegraphed by cable direct to New Zealand, and made them at once their property.

Dr. Haast has given to the world a detailed account of the discovery of these birds through the pages of the *Philosophical Institute*, of Canterbury, New Zealand. In the spring of 1872, in company with several others, he employed a gang of men to explore the region called Moabone Point. Here are several large caverns which have been produced by the action of the sea upon a ragged, volcanic formation, and which have been at some remote period on a level with the ocean, but are now elevated considerably above. This is inferred from the fact that the ragged bottoms of the caverns are covered with a deep bed of marine sand. On examining the contents of the caverns he found that the native races more or less recently had occupied them, and left heaps of refuse matter, called in the language of archæologists *kitchen-middens*, that is, the natural waste or refuse of a camp. There are traces of European occupants, relics found on the surface indicating an occupation by the later settlers, and deeper in the strata are rude stone implements, and the polished stones of the prehistoric man. The latter are found in the lowest beds, and are mingled with bones of the huge birds, all having been buried beneath the sands of the the neighboring sea evidently at a time when the waves of the Pacific rolled into them.

It is interesting to notice that in numerous instances, bones were found by Dr. Haast that had evidently been broken for the purpose of extracting the marrow: this and the fact that stone implements are found mingled with the bones show conclusively that the birds were coeval with man, though they may be very ancient. Dr. Haast maintains that the moas have been extinct many hundreds of years. On the other hand, Dr. Hector, of the Colonial Museum, believes that their extinction is very much more recent—within a century or thereabouts. And he even expressed a belief that a few moas might yet exist on the grassy slopes of some of the southern Alpine hills, between the limits of the bush and snow line. Reports are constantly occurring of the discovery of live moas, but thus far none have been seen or recognized by science. Two living examples of this group, birds not over a foot in height, were killed by some sealers in the middle islands of New Zealand. Mr. Mantel was fortunate in securing the bones of these and the skins, which are now in the British Museum. With the exception of one other, in the Vienna Museum, these are the only ones known at present.

The natives assured him that the great moas were also living, but were confined to the precincts of Jougarizo; but this locality proved to be too difficult of penetration, and therefore we must at present rest satisfied, halting between the two opinions, until some reliable examination has been made of this undiscovered region. The subject is fraught with unusual interest from the fact that there were found mingled with the moa bones portions of gigantic eggs which undoubtedly were laid by the great birds. Some fragments of these eggs still contained portions of the lining membrane. Dr. Haast says: "About four feet from the oven," where it was apparent the moa hunters had cooked portions of the birds, "we came across some large pieces of egg shells, of which many had still the lining membrane attached, proving by their line of curvature that they were portions of a Dinornis egg of very large size." A cast from the fossil egg of Epiornis is in the American Museum; this may give some idea of the size of those found at New Zealand. Its length is fourteen inches, and its capacity is computed to be about that of 240 hens' eggs of the ordinary size. The Epiornis is found at Madagascar, or portions of the bones, but less is known of this than of those under consideration.

A careful search was made while examining the caverns at Moa-bone Point for human remains. Dr. Haast says: "Hitherto we had not been successful either in obtaining human bones or Maori objects of any value, which I hoped might have been placed in a cache similar to those found in carefully excavated hiding-places in the moa hunters' (and afterward Maori) encampments at the Rahaia. However, that evening we came upon a skeleton of a Maori, which evidently had been buried a considerable time." The Maoris constituted a tribe of natives that once occupied this region. The human skeleton here found is full six feet in height, and is mounted erect by the side of the tallest moa skeleton in the Christ Church Museum. From a photograph of this particular view, I find, by measuring, that the bird is about fourteen feet in height. The neck is much shorter proportionately than the living ostrich. The enormous size of the trunk and leg bones of this moa strikes the observer particularly. This six-foot man could easily walk between the legs of the bird without stooping. The width across the knee of the moa is as much as any diameter seen on the human skeleton.

On examining some of the smaller caves connected with the large main cavern there were found bones of the moas mixed with those of smaller and common species of sea-birds, many of them showing effects of fire and cutting implements. These caves were no doubt used for human occupation, and the bones of the great as well as small birds show that they were brought there for food. They obtained here, mostly imbedded in the marine sand, the bones of the left leg belonging to an enormous specimen of Eurypteryx. The tibia and femur had been broken in the usual manner for the extraction of the marrow, while the metatarsus was entire and very much calcined at its lower extremity. The fibula was found to be broken in several places, as would happen by breaking the tibia with the former bone still attached. None of the bones were calcined excepting those which were not covered with flesh, that is, the lower parts including the feet. This circumstance points to a ease of broiled fowl of extraordinary dimensions. With these, specimens of obsidian spear-heads were found, which clearly indicate the method used by the moa hunters to capture the birds.

The discovery of the skeletons of birds so gigantic in size furnishes an interesting confirmation of the theories of Professor Hitchcock, of Massachusetts, whose announcement a quarter of a century earlier astonished the scientific world. About the year 1836 attention was directed to numerous imprints of a trifid character which appeared upon the sandstone of the Connecticut River Valley. They were thought to resemble foot-prints of gigantic birds. Dr. Deane, of Greenfield, communicated the fact to Professor Hitchcock, President of Amherst College, who immediately set about working out the subject in a scientific manner. The first account was published in 1836 in *Silliman's Journal*. The tracks were observed to be tridactylous, or three-toed, but in many instances there were signs of an imprint of a fourth toe, directed backward. At this time no bird, living or fossil, was known that could produce so large an impression or foot-print, the ostrich being the nearest approach thereto. Similar foot-prints have since been found in New Jersey and in Pennsylvania where extensive quarrying has been done in argillaceous sandstones.

The largest and finest specimens occurred at Turner's Falls, Massachusetts. In some instances several hundred foot-prints were observed in a small space, representing several species, and the whole surface was pitted by rain-drops. The largest impressions are fifteen inches in length and ten in width, exclusive of the hind claw, which is two inches long. In a consecutive series which was observed on larger slabs, where five or six prints were formed, the stride was found to be from four to five feet.

In the absence of any other relics, no bones having at this time been found, naturalists were shy of receiving these facts as bearing upon the former existence of birds of gigantic proportions. The matter is now made entirely clear by the discovery of the moas, though they are at the "other end of the world." Without attempting to explain why there should be no relics of bones in the sandstone region of Massachusetts, we may remark that the great caverns, wherever they are found, are usually the depository of such objects, certain conditions favoring their preservation, while in the New England States there are no natural catacombs or caves. The geological changes in our part of the world, too, probably have had much to do with the complete dispersion of such forms.

There were found, besides the foot-prints of birds, of which thirty-two species were enumerated, those of twelve species of quadrupeds, the latter being mostly of reptiles.

In some instances the impression showed distinctly the marks natural to the skin of the under side of the foot; and further proof of their bird character was furnished in the droppings or excrement, called, when fossil, *coprolites*, which was analyzed by Professer Dana, and found to contain the proportion of uric acid and other constituents which characterize guano.

The first information concerning the discovery of the moas of New Zealand came to the hands of science about the year 1839. Mr. Mantell, F. R. S., of England, communicated an account of some specimens of bones which were obtained by his son, who was residing in Wellington, New Zealand. The Maoris or natives were acquainted with the occurrence of these bones long before the settlement by Europeans. Traditions were rife among them that the moas had served their ancestors with food, and stories were told of the hunting excursions to procure them. They also believe that living ones still exist in remote parts of the land. They state that the birds have magnificent feathers, which the chiefs used as ornaments for their heads.

Mr. Mantell had great difficulty in securing his specimens, owing to a seeming prejudice of the native Maoris, who insisted on seizing all they could lay hands on and breaking them. He says: "Mixed with the bones, but exceedingly rare, were fragments of egg-shells. I also found six oval rings, and one broad, circular ring of the trachea." Mr. Mantell continues: "From traditions and other circumstances it is supposed that the present natives of New Zealand came to those islands not more than six hundred years ago. However this may be, that the moa was alive when the first settlers came is evident from the name of this bird being mixed up with their songs and stories."

Professor Owen observes of these birds: "From the form and structure of certain characteristic parts of the skull and upper mandible it is manifest that the Dinornis cannot be assigned to any known family of birds; and in referring the genus to the Struthionidæ (the ostrich-like birds), little more is implied than a feeble development of the wings, and large and powerful hinder limbs for progression on dry land." He concludes by placing them in a new and distinct family of the order *Grallæ*, or stilt birds.

Like the ostrich, the moas are nearly wingless. The body of some large specimen of moa with its enormous pelvis and solid thighs resembles that of a mastodon or some huge mamal in its great proportions and ponderous aspect.

Some of the smaller species somewhat resemble the bustard, and others have characters like the curious apteryx or wingless birds, ki-wi, of that region.

The American Museum is now rich in possession of the best specimens of several of the extinct birds of various portions of the world. Besides the five specimens of gigantic moas, it has the great auk and egg, the egg and bones of Epiornis of Madagascar, and the sternum, head and log bones of the dodo from Mauritius.—*Harper's Weekly.*

Financial Delusions in England in 1720.

In London, besides the original South Sea Company which began the frenzy, there were started in the course of a few months about two hundred joint stock schemes, many of which, as given in Anderson's *History of Commerce*, are of almost incredible absurdity. The sum called for by these projects was three millions of pounds sterling, which was more than the value of all the land in Great Britain. Shares in Sir Richard Steele's "fish pool for bringing fresh fish to London" brought one hundred and sixty pounds a share! Men paid seventy pounds each for "permits," which gave them merely the *privilege* of subscribing to a sail-cloth manufacturing company not yet formed. There was, indeed, a great trade in "permits" to subscribe to companies only planned. Here are a few of the schemes: for raising hemp in Pennsylvania; "Puckle's machine gun;" settling the Bahamas; "wrecks to be fished for on the Irish coast;" horse and cattle insurance; "insurance and improvement of children's fortunes;" "insurance of losses by servants;" "insurance against theft and robbery;" insuring remittances; "to make salt-water fresh;" importing walnut-trees from Virginia; improving the breed of horses; purchasing forfeited estates; making oil from sun-flowers; planting mulberry-trees and raising silk-worms; making quicksilver malleable; capturing pirates; "for importing a number of large jackasses from Spain in order to propagate a larger kind of mules;" trading in human hair; "for fatting of hogs;" "for the encouragement of the industrious;" perpetual motion; making pasteboard; furnishing funerals.

There was even a company formed and shares sold for carrying out an "undertaking which shall in due time be revealed." The word "puts," now so familiar in Wall Street, appears in these transactions of 1720. "Puts and refusals" were sold in vast amounts. The prices paid for shares during the half year of this mania were as remarkable as the schemes themselves. South Sea shares of a hundred pounds par value reached a thousand pounds. It was a poor share that did not sell at five times its original price. As in France, so in England, the long heads, like Sir Robert Walpole and Alexander Pope, began to think of "realizing" when they had gained a thousand per cent. or so upon their ventures; and, in a very few days, realizing, in its turn, became a mania, and all those paper fortunes shrunk and crumpled into nothingness.

So many caricatures of these events appeared in Amsterdam and London during the year 1720 that the collection in the British Museum, after the lapse of a hundred and fifty-five years, contains more than a hundred specimens.— JAMES PARTON, in *Harper's Magazine for June.*

AN INTERESTING REMINISCENCE.—Mr. Joseph S. Walton communicates to the Sherbrooke (Canada) *Gazette* some interesting memoranda of the memorable snow storm which fell in Northern Vermont on the 6th of June, 1816. The depth of snow was six or eight inches in Peacham, where Mr. Walton then resided. The best crop raised that year was sugar, and he relates that some of this was made as late as the tenth of June. On the day of the storm an old man and a boy, who set out through a deep forest to find a flock of sheep, were bewildered in the storm, lost their way and were out in the cold two nights. The whole town was alarmed and made a rally to find the lost ones, and finally succeeded, the first of the party who discovered them firing a gun to notify the rest that the lost were found. The old man, referred to in Thompson's *Gazetteer* as eighty-four years old, was found encamped under cover of an upturned tree, so much frozen that he was obliged to have one toe removed. Doubtless many persons remember being told of this notable snow storm, when the young lambs fared so badly and the young birds were frozen in their nests.

A TEACHER in one of the Port Jervis public schools was last week explaining to the children that usually all words ending with "let" meant something small, as streamlet, rivulet, hamlet, etc. Whereupon a smart boy wanted to know if hamlet meant a small ham!—*Port Jervis Gazette.*

HOUSEHOLD.

Bend the Twigs Aright.

It must be remembered that our children are older, not only in education proper—book-knowledge—but in experience and ways of the world, at twelve and fifteen than formerly at twenty. Their surroundings and the spirit of the age force them into unnatural proclivity. It is an age of newspapers, of cheap and florid literature. It is painful, at times, to see how early our boys and girls begin to age and grow cunning, and wrinkled and bad. Every species of temptation wantons and disports about them. Saloons, inchoate gambling, all kinds of questionable amusements weave their silent toils about their incautious feet, and thousands are snared and ruined before the bloom of childhood is gone from their cheeks.

It is certainly then the dictate, both of economy and common prudence, to preoccupy your minds with noble thoughts and higher purposes. If we would see our children rise in manhood and womanhood as they come forward in years, we must be keen to anticipate the forces of evil, so alert to seize upon our negligence to sweep them away in their vicious courses. The fast and fascinating spirit of the age, the mischievous materialism and loose moral sentiments everywhere afloat, as summer dust, emphasize the need of early and earnest work to save the children. Their ardent natures—full of restless and unreasonable activity, eager, receptive, clinging—fasten to the first support offered them. Would we lead them up in the pure, fresh air and warm sunshine of religion, instead of leaving them to crawl on the slimy ground of a low ambition and course animalism, we must bestir ourselves to preoccupy their minds with ennobling and Christian themes.—*Rev. S. R. Demen.*

IRONING FLANNELS.—In reply to Amateur, I will say that ironing flannels while they are damp will make them harsh, and I do not think they can be restored to their former softness. I always wash my own flannels, and will tell her how I do them. If the directions are properly followed, she will have no trouble with them; they will remain nice and white, and retain their softness for years. I have tried several kinds of soap, and find none equal to Dobbin's Electric. Take either rain or spring water; have it boiling hot, or very near, so it will easily dissolve the soap; shave enough soap to make a good suds; place it in the boiling water, and stir it until dissolved; then put in enough cold water to make it comfortable for your hands; then place your flannels in it, and wash it gently with your hands. Washing them on the board, or rubbing hard with the hands, will ruin them. After washing them, rinse them in water as warm as you can bear your hands in comfortably, blueing it a little. I rinse them through several waters, until they are entirely free from suds. In the winter, I dry them in the house; freezing spoils them. After they are perfectly dry, I roll them and place them in the basket with the other clothes that are dampened for ironing; never dampen them.

CANNING CORN.—Cut the corn from the cob, put into a kettle and cover with water. Then dissolve two ounces of tartaric acid in one pint of hot water; add six table-spoonfuls of the liquid to each gallon of corn, and boil the corn five minutes after it has been put in; put in cans, and be careful not to press the corn tightly, but let the water stand over it, and seal and put it in a cool place. When you open a can, empty into a crock and wash through a couple of waters; add a half teaspoonful of soda, two tablespoonfuls of sugar to one quart of corn and finish with salt, pepper, butter, and, if you like, cream and flour. Cook five minutes, and your corn will taste as natural as if just cut from the cob fresh. *It has been proved.*

BLACKBERRY SYRUP.—Make a simple syrup of a pound of sugar to each pint of water, boil it until it is rich and thick; then add to it as many pints of the expressed juice of ripe blackberries as there are pounds of sugar; put half a nutmeg, grated, to each quart of syrup; let it boil fifteen or twenty minutes; then add to it half a gill of fourth-proof brandy for each quart of syrup; set it by to become cold, then bottle it for use. A tablespoonful for a child, or a wineglass for an adult, is a dose.

TO BOIL AN EGG.—Drop it into boiling salted water, and let it remain four minutes before taking out, if you like it hard.

GRAHAM BREAD.—Two and a half cups of buttermilk; half a cup of molasses: one teaspoonful of soda; four and a half cups of flour.

CREAM CAKE.—Four eggs, two cups of sugar, one-half cup butter, one cup milk, two teaspoons baking-powder. Bake in four tins.

WHITE FRUIT CAKE.—Half cup butter, one cup sugar, one-half cup sweet milk, two eggs, two cups flour, one cup raisins, chopped fine, three small teaspoons baking powder.

A GOOD TEA CAKE.—One cup of sugar; half a cup of butter; two eggs; two-thirds of a cup of sweet milk; one even tablespoonful of baking-powder, in two cups of flour. Flavor to the taste.

GERMAN BREAD.—When you make light bread, take a small piece of the dough and work in a little sugar, and make a loaf for supper. It is good enough for cake, and much healthier. Children will eat it and call for more.

WHITE CAKE.—Two coffee cups sugar, two-thirds cup butter, three cups flour, two-thirds cup sweet milk, three teaspoons baking powder, white of eight eggs, worked in last, essence of lemon.

A CAREFUL farmer has found by experiment that two quarts of a Jersey cow's milk made five ounces of butter, while two quarts of milk from a native cow made but four ounces.

PRAISE a fair day at night.

The Manly Boy.

What is it makes a manly boy? It is not size or weight, for there are some large, heavy boys that are anything but manly. We saw a big burly fellow, about fourteen years old, with a fist like a small sledge hammer, and a voice as loud almost as that of a mule; but we did not think him very manly when we saw him pick up a small boy, who was quietly playing with a little wooden wagon, and lift him above his head while he screamed in his ear as loud as he could, and then set him down. The little fellow was pale with fright, and cried; the big fellow laughed aloud, and went his way, ha-haing as he went, and no doubt thinking he had done a very fine thing. But he was not manly.

Nor does the power to smoke cigars without getting sick make a manly boy. Some boys think so we know. We have even seen small boys, nine or ten years old, pick up stumps of cigars which men have thrown into the gutter and puff away at them, holding up their heads, and stalking along, as if to say, "Ladies and gentlemen, look at us. We are men, we are. We smoke and we don't get sick." But they are not men.

A manly boy is one who shows some good, manly qualities. We don't expect him to be as large as a man, strong as a man or as wise as a man. But he will be truthful, honest and well behaved. He will never speak of his father as the "governor," or the "old man," nor will he speak of his mother as the "old woman." He will not be ashamed to have it known that he loves both his father and his mother; nor will he be afraid of all the ridicule which silly boys heap upon him because of this love. They may call him a "baby," and say what they please about being "led by his mother's apron-strings;" he does not mind that, for he knows he is right.

He will never engage in low, mean sports; he loves real sport, but will do nothing for fun that he would be afraid to talk about at the dinner-table. He does not torment small boys, but is ready to help them when he can. His sisters are not careful to hide their work, their books or their toys from him lest he should disturb or destroy them; he would never think of that. He is careful not to get greedy at the table, or rude in company, but remembers that others have rights as well as himself.

Does anybody say this is all very well to talk about, but that no one ever yet saw such boys as are here described? We answer, "There are such boys, plenty of them, and we have seen them." They are as full of fun as other boys; they equal anybody at the different sports in which boys delight; they swim and skate and play ball; and roll hoop and run just like other boys; but their behavior is gentle and kind.

These manly boys, when they grow up will make real men; they will be in the best sense of the word gentlemen.—*Congregationalist.*

The Marriage of Horace Greeley's Daughter.

The wedding of Miss Ida Greeley and Col. Nicholas Smith in New York, although not so dressy and pretentious as some of those which immediately preceded it, was a very pretty affair. The ceremony took place at the residence of the bride's aunt, Mrs. John F. Cleveland, and the guests crowded at ease and at will around the happy pair, none being invited whose personal intimacy with the bride's father and family did not give them a right to be present. A profusion of flowers made the halls, the stairs, the reception rooms and the parlors a very conservatory. Supporting the bride were her sister Gabrielle, and the Misses Cleveland, her cousins. They were escorted by Mr. Hubert, Mr. Carlton, and Mr. Whitelaw Reid. Mr. J. F. Cleveland gave the bride away, and Mrs. Cleveland was escorted by Col. Smith. The services were solemnized according to the Roman Catholic form—that being the faith of the bride's mother—by the Rev. Father Farrell. The bride was attired in a gros grain silk, high at the neck, ruffled and pleated. The basque was loose-fitting, and the sleeves bore a narrow pleating and a bow at the wrist. The skirt bore two richly shirred flounces and loopings of satin, folded so as to resemble a sash. The train was full and was adorned with a broad flounce of lace. A white crepe bridal veil hung from the crown of her head, and her hair was arranged in a neat plain knot. The presents were very numerous, exquisite and costly, though they were not displayed. The wedding breakfast at noon was succeeded by the departure of the bridal party for Europe in the *Abyssinia*. They will be absent six months, after which they will make their residence in New York.

A PLUCKY FOX HOUND.—At Titusville, Pa., a few days since, Captain Mackey, who resides a short distance below the city says that on Monday last he found a hound lying in one of his fields on the snow. Upon examination he found a dead fox by his side. The hound's feet were in a bleeding condition, caused evidently by the frozen crust on the snow and the result of a very long chase. The dog was unable to move, and Mr. Mackey picked him up and carried him to his house, where he was cared for. It was ceded by all that knew the circumstances that the fox had been started from some distance, and with that indomitable pluck and perseverance characteristic of the fox hound he had followed until the fox was completely exhausted. On Saturday last a gentleman residing near Harstown, Crawford county, forty miles from Mr. Mackey's residence, called and claimed the dog. He stated that the hound was started on the Friday before, and that he had followed on the trail and found him, as above stated. Taking into consideration the manner in which a fox runs, continually circling, the gentleman states that in his opinion the dog ran at least 200 miles.

IN one part of Norway the longest day is three months. What a splendid chance for a lazy man to start a daily paper.—*St. Louis Globe.*

FARM AND GARDEN.

Our Foreign Fruit Trade.

The New York *Evening Post* has been engaged in collecting some very interesting information relating to the foreign fruit trade in this country, and the statistics which it furnishes show the importations are far larger than generally believed. The receipts at the port of New York for the first quarter of the present year, ending March 31, are very largely in excess of those of the same period last year. Prices, however, have ruled low, and the trade has been somewhat depressed, owing to the extremely cold weather of February and March. From the West Indies there were thirteen cargoes of oranges imported during the months of January, February and March.

The total number of barrels was 18,194, containing 10,101,787 oranges, of which 4,794,022 have perished on the voyage, a loss of over forty-seven per cent. From the Mediterranean there were received 251,539 boxes and cases, containing 91,124,385 oranges, on which the loss was thirty-five per cent. This makes over a hundred million oranges received in New York during the three months ending March 31 of the present year. Over 24,000,000 lemons were received in the same time. Of bananas, the total number was 325,238 bunches, and the cocoanuts footed up 1,780,801. The total value of green fruit entered at New York in the time mentioned was $841,500, and the duty thereon $154,137. Philadelphia received 73,030 boxes and cases of oranges and 19,003 boxes of lemons. Boston comes second after New York, with 64,977 boxes and cases of oranges, and 25,156 boxes of lemons.

American Farms.

The great improvements that have taken place in transportation, which make it possible for the wheat of Iowa and California to compete in the English markets with that raised on the Atlantic sea-board, and which place Iowa in competition with New England, have operated to *specialize* farming. The large farmer of to-day raises fewer kinds on his farm than did the small farmer of the last century. This specialization allows the use of the higher appliances and the use of capital as the former system could not. The true farms have doubtless grown in size, on the average. The early settlers of necessity could till but small farms. The tax lists of Long Island for the years between 1675 and 1685 show that in nine English towns the average land-holding was about twenty-two acres, and in the five Dutch towns about thirty-seven acres, or for the whole fourteen towns it was twenty-five and one-third acres, and at that time over ninety per cent. of the tax-payers were land-holders. The national census of 1870 enumerates 2,660,000 farms, only six and a half per cent. of which were of less than ten acres, and more than half of the whole number contained over fifty acres. The cash value of the farms, implements, and live stock was placed at upward of $11,000,000,000, and the total estimated value of all the farm productions at about $2,448,000,000. Of the 12,500,000 persons "engaged in all classes of occupations," 6,000,000 were engaged in agriculture. We have absolutely no statistics of the agriculture of the colonies at the time of the Revolution; therefore the actual figures of progress can not be given, and we refrain from estimates.—PROF. W. H. BREWER, in *Harper's Magazine for May.*

THE ROSE GARDENS OF FRANCE.—The rose gardens of France are celebrated. Acres of roses bloom in them for the perfumer. Heliotrope, mignonette and other floral plants are found side by side with them in dense masses. The air is heavy with almost sickening fragrance, and for miles around the breezes bear the sweet tidings that they "have flown over the gardens of Gaul in their bloom."

But who has heard of an English lavender field? Very few certainly in this country. Fewer still have seen one. Yet within thirty miles of London these lavender fields have become quite an extensive and recognized industry, and there is annually produced in England alone, sufficient oil from the plant to manufacture 30,000 gallons of spirits of lavender, besides a large quantity, the total of which is unknown, to be used in the production of other perfumes with more pretentious names.

This plant is at the best between three years of age and seven. The harvest time is the first week in August. The flowers are then cut and taken to the distillery, followed by an innumerable number of bees, which insects are especially fond of them. Here the essential oil is pressed out and is ready to be mixed with the proper ingredients to make lavender water.

GOV. SEYMOUR, in his recent address, recommended the microscope for use among farmers, saying: "It enables them to observe to some purpose. You cannot expect a patron of a cheese factory to take pains with his milk unless these fungoid growths prejudicial to milk are shown him. A microscope will show and convince. The farmer with the microscope can learn what insect-life is working for or against him. This instrument, he thought, was especially needed in the dairy. Even a cheap microscope would be a partial substitute for a liberal education, by magnifying the powers of our senses and observation."

AMONG the economies, seemingly small, but bringing a very noticeable increase of income from the farm, the Hon. T. S. Gold, Secretary of the Connecticut Board of Agriculture, in a recent address, especially mentioned in the avoidance of clumsy and rusty tools, insufficient help, inconvenient buildings, water wasted that might be utilized for irrigation, old wagons that require repairing every few days, imperfect or impure seed, procrastinated tree planting, bad roads, and last but not least, lack of attention to the laws of health. A little leak may sink a great ship; on most farms are many leaks, and they drain off the profits.

Very Unaccommodating.

The other day a man named Brown was picked up in the street of our town apparently dead. Barney Maginn, our coroner, summoned a jury in hot haste, and in a few moments returned a verdict that "the deceased, Thomas Brown, came to his death from apoplexy." About an hour afterward, however, Mr. Brown began to revive, and soon was as well as ever. He was subject to cataleptic fits, and this was one of them. The coroner heard of Brown's return to life just after he had collected his fees, and he called on Brown. The following conversation ensued:

"Coroner—"Do you have these fits often, Mr. Brown?"

Mr. Brown—"Quite frequently."

Coroner—"And you always appear to be perfectly dead?"

Brown—"I believe so."

Coroner—"Well, Mr. Brown, I want to make you an offer. Things are dull round here now. Nobody droppin' off suddenly, nobody gettin' stabbed or drinkin' pizen. It's rough on me. I don't scare up a fee once a month. I don't, pon my soul. Now, 'sposen you and me were to strike up a little kind of an arrangement by which, whenever you have a fit, we'd let on that you were dead and I'd set on you and hold an inquest. I'd go half and half with you on the profits."

Brown—"Cant't say that it strikes me favorably, Mr. Magin."

Coroner—"It'll be clean gain for you. I might get a couple of hundred inquests a year out of a man like you. There's money in it. It's the most beautiful idea I ever heard of. I'll treat you right, if you'll go in. Seems to me it's a splendid opening for you."

Brown—"I believe I won't, Mr. Maginn."

Coroner—"Not as a personal favor to me? Not to accommodate a friend who is hard up? Think of the profit! Why, I'll guarantee you four hundred dollars a year. It's a big thing."

Brown—"I don't like it."

Coroner—"Come, now, I'll go you thirds, and you can have two fits a day, if you want to."

Brown—"Can't do it, I tell you."

Coroner—"Well, then, look here! I'll fix you. You mind me. You're legally dead anyhow. The law says you're a corpse. I've had one inquest on you; and if the community had its rights, you'd a been chucked into a sepulchre ten hours ago. Now, if you don't come into this thing, bust me if I don't keep you from votin' at the next election, upon the ground that in the eye of the law you're a dead man. I will, by George, and if there's any justice in this land, I'll cram you into a hole in the cemetery, anyhow, or my name's not Barney Maginn."

Then the coroner withdrew. Brown is now canvassing for a life insurance company, and Mr. Maginn is waiting grimly for election day.—*Max Adeler in New York Weekly.*

EFFECTS OF THE TRIAL.—"Cross-examinations" are now of daily occurrence in Brooklyn families. For instance, the other day, at the breakfast table of a resident of Pierrepont street, the following colloquy took place:

Pater Familias (in a stern voice to a pretty daughter, aged about twenty)—Julia, who was that young man that was here last evening?

Julia (with deliberation)—A friend.

Father—How late did he stay?

Julia—I—I don't remember.

Father—What is his name?

Julia—I can't recollect.

Father—Where does he live?

Julia (quickly)—He's moved.

Father (reprovingly)—Don't answer me in that evasive manner. Did he kiss you before leaving?

A young sister who had been reading the trial (turning to a rich old bachelor uncle)—I object. That question is "leading."

Father—I insist upon an answer, yes or no; and I will put the question in another form. Was there any salutation of the lips?

Julia (absently)—My memory fails me in matters of detail, although (with a short pause) there *might* have been something of that kind.

At this point the breakfast ended.—*Brooklyn Argus.*

THE following was from the lips of Dr. Bethune, as told by the lady to whom he related it many years ago:

"Last summer, when I was upon my fishing excursion among the 'Thousand Isles,' it was my habit to assemble the fishermen on Sabbath mornings to preach to them. Upon one occasion, after our simple service under the trees, the men collected in a group and appeared much interested in a discussion. At last one came over to me and said: 'Dominie, we want you to live here and be our minister; now, if you will, we will build you a church of sawed stuff.' 'But,' I answered, 'I'm not a rich man, and where I preach they pay me a salary.' 'O,' said my honest friend, 'we've fixed all that. If you stay we will give you a hundred dollars a year.'"

Those who knew Dr. Bethune can imagine the genial humor with which he related this incident in his life, and yet he declined the call.

THE prudence of the simplest New England man when present or prospective thrift is in question is proverbial. Example: A Harvard professor went down to one of the beaches on the New England coast to bathe one stormy day, but the men in charge refused to let him go in on account of the dangerous swell. On his way back he expressed his disappointment and indignation to the driver of the omnibus. "Well, I'll tell you how it is," said the driver; "we don't like to have strangers come down here and get drowned. *It hurts the beach.*"

IN reply to an invitation to attend the Centennial, Gen. Garibaldi has sent an autograph letter in which he says: "I will certainly make every possible effort to have my country participate in the magnificent celebration which is to be held in Philadelphia. I deeply regret that I shall not be able to come myself.

DETROIT CURRENCY.

From the Free Press.

LONG JOHN WENTWORTH makes one plug hat last him nine years, but he changes shirts once in two weeks.

BISMARCK receives an average of ten threatening letters per week, but nothing prevents him from taking his lager at the regular hour.

WHEN a snow storm drives a farmer out of his potato patch May 1st, it is about time to offer the whole confounded country for twenty shillings and a shot-gun.

QUEEN VICTORIA will not have a handsomer woman than herself around court, and the consequence is a collection of females as much uglier than Susan B. Anthony as can be imagined.

WHEN three hundred men will turn out to ride after a poor, sickly fox, and hurrah and yell and jump fences and break suspender buttons, Dio Lewis needn't be blowing around that Americans are a melancholy race.

A DELAWARE man married a woman because she was deaf, and he thought she'd keep her tongue still. So she did, but when he fell into the well and yelled himself hoarse trying to make her hear, he wished that she had ears a foot long and could hear a whisper a mile away.

"BILLY," said one boy to another on West street, this morning, "Sh! do you see that gentleman going there?"

"Yeh."

"He's a big un, you bet," was the confidential whisper. "He keeps sheets wrapped all around his furniture."

A NELSON street woman being asked if a neighbor was slovenly, cautiously replied:

"I can't say as to that, but she gave an old woman one of her old wrappers the other day, and she boiled it up and got grease enough out of it to make a gallon of soap."

IT WILL DO IT.—They were married last fall and they hadn't had one cross word or a sour look, when, the other night, he moved the cook stove into the shanty and called her to hold the pipe up while he gently knocked the joints together. She smiled sweetly as she replied: "Yes, my dear," but five minutes hadn't passed before he yelled out:

"Durn it! I thought you knew something!"

And she threw two joints of pipe at him and replied:

"I want you to understand that we are as strangers from this hour!"

OLD TIMES.—While some men on a street car were reviving old recollections one of them inquired:

"Does any one remember the date of the cholera season?"

"I can find out in half an hour," replied a man who had hitherto preserved silence. "I've got a note of $60 signed by your father in that very year, and that'll give the exact day and date!"

There wasn't any further talk about olden days.

MAKING PREPARATIONS.—As two school girls were posting a letter the other morning one of them said: "As I was telling you, ma and I are going to the White Mountains, to be gone all summer. I'm going to have a gray dress and a green dress, and a blue dress and a new hat and new shoes, and ma says I'll probably find a beau; and she says I've got to commence being dignified, and I left my gum at home and shan't chew another bit nor carry any more jaw-breakers to school."

NONE FOR HIM.—"Ish dere some ledder here for me?" inquired a German at the general delivery window of the post-office, Saturday.

"No—none here," was the reply.

"Vhell, dot is queer," he continued, getting his head into the window; "my neighbor gets somedimes dree ledders in one day, und I get none. I bays more daxes as he does, und I haf never got one ledder yet. How comes dose dings?"

A NEW TRICK.—"Big Jack," the newsboy, looked into a Michigan avenue saloon where a dozen men were playing cards, and standing in the door he called out:

"There's a woman here who wants to see a fellow named ——!"

"That's my wife!" muttered several different individuals in chorus, and they tumbled out of the back door into the alley as if carried in the arms of a tornado.

THE PATENT ELEPHANT.—An elephant in Calcutta had a disease in his eyes. For three days he had been completely blind. His owner, an engineer officer, asked the doctor if he could do anything to relieve the poor animal.

The doctor said he would try the nitrate of silver, which was a remedy commonly applied to similar diseases in the human eye.

The large animal was ordered to lie down, and at first, on the application of the remedy, raised a most extraordinary roar at the acute pain which it occasioned. The effect, however was wonderful. The eye was in a manner restored, and the animal could partially see.

The next day when he was brought and heard the doctor's voice, he lay down of himself, placed his enormous head on one side, curled up his trunk, drew in his breath just like a man about to endure an operation, gave a sigh of relief when it was over, and then by trunk and gesture, evidently wished to express his gratitude.

A HAPPY FAMILY.—A Richmond, Ind., newspaper vouches for the truth of the following story:

"The lion had not yet been observed to lie down with the lamb, but something equal to it happened. A white cat with four young kittens set up housekeeping in a box where there happened to be two young rats. Instead of devouring them, as would have been natural, she adopted them and afforded them the same nourishment that she supplied to her kittens. One of the kittens and one of the rats died. Yesterday we called to see the happy family and found the three kittens and the rat drawing their sustenance in happy promiscuousness. The mother cat bestowed frequent caresses upon her little ones and the rat came in for a full share. It seemed to enjoy the 'love lick' and responded in as affectionate manner as possible for a rat. After all, as a matter of prudence, that young rat had better move out before his tail gets too long."

"AH!" said a teacher, "ah, Caroline Jones, what do you think you would have been without your good father and pious mother?" "I suppose, mum," said Caroline, who was very much struck with the soft appeal, "I suppose, mum, as I should ha' been a horphan."

Two chums desiring to make themselves comfortable had a stove put up in their chamber. One bought the stove and the other paid the mason to have a hole cut in the chimney. They broke up housekeeping the other day, and divided the effects. One had the stove and the other the hole.

NEWS SUMMARY.

FURTHER details of the recent earthquake in Asia Minor show that several villages were destroyed. Two thousand persons perished.

THE Secretary of the Treasury has decided that imported sheep skins, dressed with the wool on, must pay 25 per cent. ad valorem.

GOVERNOR JACOBS of West Virginia has issued a proclamation declaring the seat of Government of the State removed from Charlestown to Wheeling.

GENERAL CISSEY, French Minister of War, asks for a credit of 51,000,000 francs to continue work on the fortifications of his country and for the supply of war material.

A BATTLE between Carlists and Government troops is reported at Alsosa, wherein the Carlists lost 70 killed and 200 wounded. General Dorregary is reported wounded.

THE Grand Jury of the United States Circuit Court in New York has presented eighteen indictments against Charles L. Lawrence, former Secretary of the Americus Club, charging him with smuggling.

VISCOMPTE DE MAUX, the French Minister of Agriculture, has asked for a credit of 600,000 francs to defray the expenses of the French Commission to the American Centennial at Philadelphia.

THE revival meetings of Messrs. Moody and Sankey in London continue to attract thousands of persons and great numbers are converted. The movement is regarded as most remarkable.

A BERLIN dispatch says: Judicial investigation shows that the offer of Wiessenger to assassinate Bismarck was merely part of an attempt to extort money, and that the man had no accomplices.

THE labor strike in Wales has been settled, the miners agreeing to accept a reduction in their wages of 12½ cents, and the masters agreeing to adjust all future alteration of wages by arbitration.

ABRAHAM JACKSON, the lawyer, charged with forgery and defalcation to the extent of $800,000, arrived at Boston in charge of a detective. He denies his guilt. He was held to bail in the sum of $40,000.

THE Darien Surveying party has returned to Washington. The early estimate of $56,000,000 for the work is not sufficient. The Napipi-Atrato route is the shortest, but will require five miles and a half of tunneling.

THE Sioux Indians called again at the Interior Department on Friday, and related their grievances in regard to rations and blankets. Commissioner Smith informed them that in future they would have better rations and blankets, and they withdrew.

THE Masonic Hall, post office, printing office, a wagon shop, two dwellings, two banks and ten stores, comprising the entire business part of Great Bend, Pa., were destroyed by fire on Friday night. Loss $100,000; insurance, $60,000.

A DISPATCH from London says: "Paul Boyton, who started to cross the Channel from Guernsey, France, to Dover, in a life-saving suit, landed between Dover and South Foreland on Saturday morning, having been in the water continuously for 23 hours and 49 minutes."

THE Sioux Indians have been counseling among themselves, trying to decide upon a plan for dividing their reservation so as to let the Government have the Black Hills, with the right of way through their lands, and reserve a good piece for themselves. They are still determined not to go to Indian Territory.

LATEST advices from Holyoke, Massachusetts, say the number known to be dead, from the church disaster, is 71; fatally burned, 23; otherwise burned and wounded, 27. Of the 71 dead, 55 are females and 16 males. Louis Des Jerdin, 54 years of age, whose wife and daughter were both burned to death, became insane from grief.

AN attempt was made to rob the National Mohair Bank at Great Barrington, Mass. Several masked burglars entered the house of F. N. Delano, cashier, and having gagged and handcuffed him, compelled him to go with them to the bank, where they tried to get him to open the vault. Being unsuccessful, they took revenge by robbing Delano's house of all its valuables, and then decamped.

A DISPATCH from Sioux City, Iowa, says that on Friday last some soldiers under Captain Walker, entered a camp at Gordon City, Nebraska, burned fourteen wagons, laden with supplies and arms, and destroyed everything belonging to the Black Hills Transportation Company, except some baggage, which they loaded into six remaining wagons, and started for Fort Randall, making the men go on foot.

THE most destructive fire that ever occured in Springfield, Mass., broke out at half-past two Sunday afternoon, destroying nearly 40 buildings, including lumber and business blocks, and causing a loss of a quarter of a million of dollars. A high wind prevailed all the afternoon, and at one time the whole business part of the city was seriously threatened, but the Fire Department, with assistance from Chicopee, Holyoke, Westfield, and Hartford, succeeded in getting the fire under control.

DR. LINDERMAN, Director of Mints, expects to be able by the fifteenthof J to refine and part all the bullion produced in the country, instead of having one-half at least sent abroad for that purpose, as has been necessary heretofore on account of insufficient refining capacities in the United States. The new refinery at San Francisco, it is thought, will be ready by that time. The refining capacity of the United States Assay Office in New York will be trebled, and that of the Philadelphia Mint greatly enlarged.

GENERAL FORREST, in a note to the Committee in charge of the ceremonies at the National Cemetery, Memphis, in accepting an invitation to participate, says: "I appreciate and am in full sympathy with the spirit of friendship and reconciliation prompting the interchange of many courtesies among those who, with equal courage, met as foeman so often on the field of battle, and trust that the time is not far distant when the soldiers of the late war will cease to remember the angry passions aroused by that struggle."

THE St. John (N. B.) *Daily Telegraph* says of the fire in Portland: "The flames extended over more than twenty acres and destroyed all the houses on the south side of Straight Shore from Alleghany street to Simond street, a distance of 1,300 feet, and on the north side of Straight Shore from Alleghany to within four or five houses of Simond street; all the houses on the both sides of Harrison street, all on the east side of Douglass road from that of D. V. Roberts to Main street—400 feet—and all the houses on both sides of Main street east of Douglass road for a distance of 700 feet. Over eighty dwellings and workshops were burned, turning families out of doors and destroying property valued at over $250,000, about $120,000 of which is covered by insurance. This morning the body of a man named Heley was found among the ruins."

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

The market for the week under review has been without special animation, though the whole volume of trade has been up to the usual average for the season. The outlook as to the prospect of the crops has much improved in nearly all the grain growing as well as fruit districts, as we gather from the latest reports and from a general summing up of the results we may predict in all respects a *two-third* crop, which, to say the least, is much better than the best authority was able to predict during the month of April. The best informed place the estimate of the surplus wheat of the State at 350,000 tons and the surplus for the Coast at 500,000 tons. Though quite early, yet harvesting of both barley and wheat has been commenced in several counties in this State. The tide of immigration still continues to flow in upon us, the arrivals for the past month of May footing up about 15,000 persons.

Wheat receipts continue light, and prices have shaded off slightly from last week's quotations. Flour is is in fair demand both for export and for home consumption; prices steady. Barley has been quite active for the week at unchanged rates. Oats are firm with fair inquiry but light stock; the market is partly supplied from Oregon. Corn is without essential change in price, stock light but sufficient to meet all present demands. Buckwheat is firm but in limited supply, and fair prices are obtainable. Rye is scarce, but with a light demand. The old crop of potatoes is nearly exhausted. New are arriving freely, are in active request, and bring good prices. The old crop of onions are entirely out of market and new are plenty and cheap. The market is nearly bare of hops. Receipts of wool have fallen off very materially and although sales have been large yet the present tendency is to lower prices—the market East showing weakness. Prices realized for the bulk of the Spring clip to date have been fair, giving satisfaction to producers. The general quality of the clip has been above the average for the season. Fall wool is in light stock, and being poor and undesirable, has been much neglected, consequently working off but slowly even at the extreme low prices at which it is offered. Dairy produce has been coming in quite freely because the demand was good and fair prices obtainable, but with supplies constantly arriving from the East by rail, the prices of butter and eggs have declined slightly. Receipts of fruit of seasonable varieties are increasing daily, and for most all kinds there is an active demand, and good prices are realized.

WHEAT.—The market is quite dull and inactive. There has been a slight falling off in prices, which favors the buyers somewhat, but there will not probably be any particular movement until the arrival of the new crops on the market. There is quite a large amount of tonnage in the harbor disengaged, say 50,000 tons; but freights are looking up a little, it being quite difficult to charter first-class grain carrying ships at rates current for the past three months. The probable advance on freights for the new crops will be from 8s to 12s. This, taken together with extreme low prices ruling in Liverpool, operates discouragingly to shippers here. We now quote good shipping grades at $1 62½@1 67½, and choice milling at $1 70@1 75, the latter an extreme rate. Latest Liverpool quotations are for average 8s 11d@9s 1d, and for club 9s 1d@9s 5d.

FLOUR.—There is a light demand for standard extras and superfine for export, with a firm but quiet market at our quotations. Millers are slow to purchase at the present high prices of wheat, and a portion of the mills are now reduced to ordinary running time. Oregon is sending us large quantities by every vessel from the Columbia river. Prices remain steady as for some time past. We quote the range for the various grades as follows: Standard country brands, $4 00@4 37½; extra superfine, $4 50@4 85; silk dressed, City Mills, jobbing at $5 12½@5 50 per bbl of 196 lbs.

BARLEY.—We note considerable activity to the market for feed—brewing is dull—sales for the week, in lots, aggregating 10,000 sks, at prices within the range of our quotations, which are as follows: Coast feed, $1 37½@1 42; bright Bay, $1 50@1 55; choice brewing, $1 55@1 60, which latter is about the top of the market.

OATS.—The market demand is fair, but supplies are light, partly from Oregon, which are selling within the range of $2 00@2 20 per cental.

RYE.—Is in fair demand; receipts are light. There has been a slight advance in price, the present range being $1 30@1 35 per 100 lbs.

CORN.—Receipts have been moderate, with little more inquiry. Small transactions are reported at a small advance on last quotations, quotable now at $1 50@$1 55 for prime Yellow. White is very scarce and higher, quotable at $1 60@$1 62½.

BRAN and MIDDLINGS.—The mill prices have been advanced to $21 00 for bran, and $30 ₱ ton for middlings. The demand is good.

HAY.—There is a fair supply of both new and old, with an improved demand and a tendency to higher prices. The cargo price on the wharf ranges from $10 00 to $15 00 ₱ ton for new, and $12 00@$16 00 for old, according to quality, there being an unusually wide range in prices.

STRAW.—A good article is saleable at 60@65c per bale.

BEANS.—The demand has fallen off lately —supplies are large and prices weak at the following rates for jobbing parcels: Bayos, 2¾@3c; Pink, 1¾@1¾; Red, 1¾@1¾; White Pea, 3@3¼c; White Butter at 3¾@4¼c. ₱ lb.

HOPS.—There is no movement to speak of. Stocks are very light, and prices are firm for choice; 30@32½c may now be quoted as the range.

HONEY.—There is no change to report. Small lots of new strained are received weekly from Los Angeles. Present stocks are much reduced and prices remain steady and firm at 18@22½c for White Comb; dark do. 10@15c; Strained remains steady at 6@10c, according to quality.

POTATOES.—The stock of old is very nearly exhausted; the demand continues good for choice Humboldt and Tomales, which are quotable at $3 00@$3 50 per 100 lbs. New are coming in freely and are jobbing at $2 50@$3 50 per cental, according to size.

ONIONS—Are plenty, selling on the wharf at $1 25 per 100 lbs.

WOOL.—The bulk of the Spring clip has been marketed. Prices are shading off and stocks accumulating. We venture the opinion that producers have acted wisely in selling and meeting the early market. Sales for the week past aggregate 1,200,000 lbs spring, within the range of our quotations, and 55,000 lbs Fall 10@13c. We quote burry and seedy Spring, 15@17c. Good free shipping grades 17@20c. Choice and extra choice northern 20@25c.

HIDES.—Prices remain firm at our quotations—all that are offered being taken at those rates—the demand continues fair. The following are cash rates paid by dealers in this city: Dry, usual selections, 18@18½c; wet-salted, 8@8½c.

TALLOW.—Stock on hand is still accumulating, and hard to work off, the demand being quite light—prices are merely nominal. Refined, of good quality, commands 6@7c, while large quantities of fair grade will bring only 6@6½c. The present stock accumulations are reported at about 4,000,000 lbs.

SEEDS.—There is an active demand for many varieties, the oil-mill taking all the clean Flax offered at our quotations. We quote: Alfalfa, 15@18c; Canary, scarce, 15@20c; Flax, 3@3¼; California Mustard dull, 1¾@2½c.; Timothy, 9@12c ₱ lb.

CATTLE.—Our markets are abundantly supplied with all the varieties of meats of the best quality. The following are the wholesale rates: Beef, 3@7c, according to quality; Calves plenty at 5@6c; Mutton, 3@4c, plentiful; Lambs, 5c.; Hogs on foot, 6½@7c; Hogs, dressed, 8½@9¼; the latter price for choice small ones.

POULTRY.—The market demand is fair, receipts are large, prices moderate. We give the range as follows: Hens and Roosters, $6 50@$8 50 ₱ doz; Broilers, $4 00@$6 50 ₱ doz; Geese, tame, $1 75@$2 00 ₱ pair; Ducks, do., $7 @$7 50 ₱ doz.; Turkeys, live, 22@25c ₱ lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS.—The supply of Fresh California Roll Butter has been increased and prices have been reduced—present prices being weak within the range of 26@32c, the latter price being for the production of the best dairies in Marin county. There is some Eastern here, but it is of poor quality, suitable only for cooking purposes. New California cheese is coming in freely and stock is accumulating, selling at 12½@14c. Fresh California Eggs command 25@26c, the market being well supplied. Eastern now arriving, freely selling at 17@19c; Oregon Eggs bring 18@20c.

GREEN FRUITS.—California Oranges; $25.00@40 00; Tahiti Oranges, $30 00; California Lemons, $25 00@30 00; Limes, $15 00@20 00; Sicily Lemon, bx, $15 00@17 00; Cocoanuts, 100, $10 00@——; Bananas, ₱ bh, $2 50@3 50; Pineapples, doz, $6 00@8 00; Apples, com, bx, $1 25@1 50; do, choice, $2 00@3 00; Strawberries, chest of 36 lbs, $6 00@$10 00; Cherries, ₱ lb, 12½@30c; Gooseberries, ₱ lb, 4@4½c; Currants, 6@7½c.

Safe Investment.

The Pacific Coast Twelve Per Cent. Consols.

NEW METHOD WITH ASSURED ADVANTAGES.

A rapidly growing interest is being taken in the Pacific Coast Twelve Per Cent. Consols, in consequence of the many advantages offered in regard to investment, interest and dividends. o much uncertainty exists in connection with nearly all mining and other speculative companies, there is something very assuring in an incorporation which not only guarantees twelve per cent. per year to all stockholders, but provides for the honest payment of dividends. The Twelve per cent. Consols were incorporated on the 12th of February last for the purpose of transacting a general business in buying and selling mining properties, city real estate, and agricultural and other lands, in the States and Territories of the Pacific Coast. Determined to do only a strictly legitimate business, the Directors rejected the old method in vogue by mining companies generally, and adopted a new one which secures to all parties who become shareholders equal advantages in the business transacted. By the provisions of the by-laws

A SINKING FUND

Is to be made of one-half the proceeds of the total capital stock, which shall be sold on the joint account of the original co-owners. The stock will be classified as follows: Sinking Fund, mining property, city real estate, and agricultural lands. Before any stock is issued in any class, the property will be appraised by the owners, and the stated value entered upon the books of the Company. Shares for not more than fifty per cent. of the valuation will be issued in any of the classes, and the amount of shares offered for sale in any one class, exclusive of the sales of stock in the Sinking Fund, will not be allowed to exceed 50,000, if sold at less than the par value of a dollar per share.

GUARANTEES OF SAFETY.

In regard to the Sinking Fund, which will constitute fifty per cent. of the par value of the stock, all moneys received as the proceeds of sales of stock on account of the fund will be deposited with some solvent banking institution, which pays interest on deposits invested in interest bearing stocks, bonds and other securities, which can be realized on in thirty days, and in no case will it be lawful for the directors or trustees to invest any moneys of the Sinking Fund in the purchase of stocks, bonds or other securities of any incorporation whatever, which shall have failed to pay interest or dividends for a period of six months preceding any proposed investment pertaining to the Sinking Fund of the company.

PAYMENT OF INTEREST.

The by-laws further make positive provision for the payment of interest monthly on all stock issued in each class at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum, payable on the 5th day of each month. Another important concession is that any shareholder has the option to take stock in payment for interest at par value in any class that may be preferred. No assessment will be levied until the total stock of the Sinking Fund shall have been sold and paid out as provided by the by-laws. Indeed, so secure is the plan of the company that in case the whole capital stock of the company should be sold immediately and the Sinking Fund invested as provided, the proceeds would be sufficient to pay the interest for eight years and a half on the total capital stock. Perhaps no other company in the world has ever been able to present so brilliant a certainty.

DIVIDENDS.

Stockholders will not only be sure of their twelve per cent. per annum, but will share in all the surplus profits. The dividends will be paid from the profits and sales of property, and only on shares of consols that have been issued for property valued and entered on the books of the company. As there can be very little question that the transactions of the company will be very extensive, and that the profits will rapidly reach something handsome, the dividend prospects should serve as a strong inducement to stock purchasers, for perhaps in no other direction can they be positive of receiving one per cent. a month for money invested, and almost a certainty of large yearly dividends in addition.

A further provision can be made at any time by the company by setting aside the percentage agreed upon of the sales of the properties of the company. The main object of the directors is to incorporate a more legitimate and assured method of transacting business in mining and property than has hitherto obtained on this coast. They are therefore resolved to secure nothing but bona fide investments, and to make it a rule to have nothing to do with speculative values. Every possible care will be taken to protect the interests of shareholders; and in order that they may be constantly posted in the transactions of the company, a monthly statement of affairs will be prepared by the officers, and the books will be at all times open for inspection.

Shares for the first series issued for mining property in Washoe, Storey and Lyon counties, and on the Comstock lode in Nevada, and for account of Sinking Fund, are now ready for delivery to subscribers and purchasers. Greenebaum & Co.'s, 330 Montgomery street. The set selling rate will be one-twenty, and the buying rate one-nineteen. The principal office of the company is at 338 Montgomery street. T. Phelps is the President, and W. S. Reynolds the Secretary.

Acknowledges no Rival.

Most business men look forward hopefully to a time when they may retire to the quietude of private life, and enjoy the rest which a competence affords. Colonel Andrews, the most indefatigable, enthusiastic, and liberal proprietor of the Diamond Palace, asks no higher distinction than he enjoys now, without a rival in the world, hated by diamond and jewelry quacks, but honored by the confidence that the crowned heads of Europe repose in him as a connoisseur. Surely no greater distinction can be attained in that direction. But the Colonel is appreciated at home more highly, if possible, than he is abroad. San Francisco is flattered that he has chosen his home here—to give our *bon ton* the benefit of his extensive experience and business connections. The business the Colonel has built up here in a short time is based upon a general recognition of the facts, that his judgment and taste in the selection of goods are superior to those of any other dealer in the city; that he scorns the usual tricks of the trade—such as representing his wares to be what they are not—that his prices are low and uniform; that his bearing toward visitors is invariably courteous. Not only so, but the public delights to compliment a man who has won his way by courage and perseverance to so honorable a place. Hence the Diamond Palace is always crowded with purchasers and visitors. Indeed an enlargement of the premises has become an absolute necessity. In order to display his goods—especially the new styles of silverware now arriving and to arrive, an extension of shelf room twenty-five feet toward the rear of the building has been determined on, and will be an accomplished fact in a few days. The addition will be finished to correspond with the front, and though it will afford sufficient room for the present, will soon require still further extension, if the Colonel's business grows as it has heretofore, and as we hope it will for all time to come. A visit to the Diamond Palace will amply repay for the time it takes. Especially do we urge our Eastern visitors to call and see this world's wonder. It is easy to find, being located in the Russ House Block, San Francisco, a few doors north of the Montgomery street entrance.—*S. F. Bulletin.*

The national GOLD MEDAL was awarded to Bradley & Rulofson, San Francisco, for the best Photographs in the United States.

E. BUTTERICK & Co's reliable Patterns for Ladies', Misses', Boys', and little Children's Garments. Paris, Vienna and Berlin styles received each week. Send postage stamp for catalogue. H. A. DEMING, Agent, No. 111 Post Street, San Francisco.

The New York Photograph Gallery,
No. 25 Third street, San Francisco, is again open, with larger lights, more room, and all the latest improvements in instruments. All work is warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Cabinet Rembrandts, only $4 per dozen; Card Rembrandts, $2 to $3 per doz. J. H. PETERS successor to B. F. Howland & Co.

To many people Life Insurance is a necessity, while others desire it as an investment, but all desire to get its benefits at the smallest cost consistent with security. The attention of the reader is called to the advertisement of the Trust Fund Insurance Association in another place. The advantages offered by this Agency are so marked that they are meeting the approval of all who have investigated the matter. The distinctive features need only to be examined to be appreciated.

The following is from the well known Druggist, Dr. W. H. KEITH:

MESSRS. E. B. SMITH & Co., *Agents Litton Springs Seltzer Water:* GENTS—I have suffered for the last ten or fifteen years from kidney troubles, and during that time have passed quite a number of lithic acid or red gravel stones. Some few months ago I commenced drinking Litton's Mineral Water, and the relief experienced was so great that I have recommended it to my friends, several of whom have derived great benefit from its use.

Yours truly, WM. H. KEITH.
San Francisco, May 4th, 1875.

10c a year, post paid. FASHION JOURNAL. Large quarterly paper. H. E. WARREN, Westfield, Ma.

$5@$20 per day at home. Terms Free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

AGENTS wanted in every county. Liberal inducements. Address W. G. SELLERS, Antioch, Cal.

EVERY FAMILY WANTS IT. Money in it. Sold by Agents. Address M. N. LOVELL, Erie, Pa.

$250 A MONTH—Agents wanted everywhere. Business honorable and first class. Particulars sent free. Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

GARLAND'S VEGETABLE COUGH DROPS
The Greatest Remedy of the age for all THROAT AND LUNG COMPLAINTS. Warranted to Cure. Sold everywhere. Depot, 823 Market St., San Francisco.

RUPTURE.
MARSH'S TRUSSES AT REDUCED PRICES.
SINGLE TRUSSES, FIRST QUALITY, AT $3, $5, $8, and $10 each. Common Trusses (good quality) at $2, $3, and $4 each. Guaranteed fits and perfect retainers, combined with comfort and ease. These are

Elastic Trusses

and can be worn by night as well as by day. No *Lumbago* produced. Trusses sent by mail, postage free, upon receipt of price. Established over three years. In ordering, send circumference of body on line with rupture, and state which side. Address
MARSH TRUSS CO.,
513 Montgomery Street,
San Francisco.
Pamphlets mailed upon receipt of two stamps.

DR. WARREN'S
HERBA BUENA
BITTERS
THIS IS A MEDICINAL BITTERS—NOT A FANCY DRINK. It acts on the stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels, **Purifying the Blood**, and producing a natural operation. M. WILLIAMS & CO., Proprietors, 8½ BRENHAM PLACE, San Francisco.

THE KING OF LINIMENTS, STANDS unrivaled as a remedy. No Horseman should be without it. Good alike for MAN or BEAST, for Sprains, Bruises, Rheumatism, Mud Fever, Swellings, etc. Try it and you will use no other.
HOMER WILLIAMS,
8½ BRENHAM PLACE, San Francisco.

H. H. H.
IS GAINING A WIDE-SPREAD NOTORIETY. Testimonials from all parts of the coast show it to be a companion in every family. All blemishes of the horse are easily removed by this great H. H. H Horse Medicine, while the family find it indispensable for Sprains, Bruises, Aches and Pains, and wherever a good Liniment is required.
WILLIAMS & MOORE, Prop's,
STOCKTON, CAL.

$1.00 ONE DOLLAR AND Twenty Cents Coin, or One Dollar and Thirty-Five Cents Currency, will pay for the San Francisco
WEEKLY POST
for One Year, including Postage. A Mammoth Paper of 64 Columns.

RUSSELL'S
OREGON PILE CURE
TO THOSE SUFFERING FROM PILES, EXTERnal, Internal, Itching Piles: You can be cured, as hundreds of others have been. Send for circular and see unsolicited testimony. Will send sample bottle for $1, or six bottles for $5.
Call upon your Druggist, or address
DR. RUSSELL, 5 Post Street, San Francisco.

HAIR PRODUCTOR.
IT IS NOW CONCEDED BY THE MOST SKEPTical that the skill and scientific preparations of MRS. H. A. MOORE, in restoring lost Hair and in arresting it when falling, and making it strong and healthy, is the most wonderful achievement of the age. NO INSTANCE OF FAILURE in the most inveterate cases of baldness (of which she treats large numbers) can be produced. Send for Circular. No. 523 KEARNY ST., Rooms 4 and 5, San Francisco.

JOHN G. HODGE & CO.
IMPORTERS AND
WHOLESALE STATIONERS
327, 329 & 331 SANSOME STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO.
AGENTS FOR LIVINGSTON'S
INDELLIBLE CARMINE.
FOR MARKING LINEN. Guaranteed superior to anything ever made.

BAKER & HAMILTON,
IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
And MACHINES.
WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE LATEST IMproved and best Machines manufactured in the United States, viz:
Buckeye Mower and Reaper;
The Champion Mower and Reaper;
Hollingsworth Hay Rakes; (This is the KING of all Wheeled Rakes).
Haines' Genuine Header;
Hain's Header and Farm Wagons;
The Celebrated Pitt's Thrasher and Horse Power;
Ames' Portable Steam Engines;
Baxter Engines;
Eureka and Sweepstakes Gang Plows;
Moline Single Plows;
With a large assortment of other Machines and Implements, the largest and best stock to be found on the Coast. Also, a full line of Repairs, Sections, Knives, etc., etc., for old machines.
We keep nothing but FIRST-CLASS GOODS. We can WARRANT ALL OUR MACHINES.
Send for our New Illustrated Catalogue.
Address, BAKER & HAMILTON,
SACRAMENTO OR SAN FRANCISCO.
Manufactory Sweepstake Plow Company, San Leandro.

THE
Trust Fund
INSURANCE ASSOCIATION
AND
General Insurance Agency,
320 California Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
THIS ASSOCIATION HAVING ACQUIRED THE proprietorship of The **Trust Fund Savings** deposit system of Insurance, is now ready to procure Life Insurance upon that and all other plans now in use. Under the Trust Fund system the Policy holder accumulates a bank account in addition to having his Insurance, and at the same outlay usually incurred in maintaining Insurance alone, nearly 80 per cent. of the amount paid as premium is deposited in a savings bank, and, together with the cash surrender value of the Policy—*guaranteed* under the laws of California—may be withdrawn in case of inability to continue payments.
The Association places its Life Risks in the

Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Co.
OF CALIFORNIA.

Assets Jan. 1st, 1875 - - -	$1,220,522 55
Liabilities, Jan. 1st, 1875,	777,644 30
Surplus as regards Policy holders -	$ 451,878 25

In the contracts of this Company our equitable cash surrender value is guaranteed, and for this reason its policies can be used as collateral security to the amount of their value.
Special arrangements have been made whereby the certificates of Trust Fund deposits will be issued by the following banks:
Western Savings and Trust Company, of San Francisco;
The Santa Rosa Bank, Santa Rosa and Ukiah;
The Bank of Lake, Lakeport;
The Bank of Rideout & Smith, Marysville;
The Bank of Healdsburg, Healdsburg.
Reliable Agents wanted in every county of the States and Territories of the Pacific Coast.
APPLY BY LETTER OR IN PERSON TO THE OFFICE OF THE ASSOCIATION,
320 CALIFORNIA STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO.

12 Beautiful French Oil Chromos, size 9x11, mounted ready for framing, sent postpaid for ONE DOLLAR. Grandest chance ever offered to Agents. For particulars send stamp. Address F. P. Gluck, New Bedford, Mass.

JACKSON WAGONS.
ALL SIZES FOR SALE.
AT REDUCED PRICES, AND THE COMMISSION heretofore allowed AGENTS will be allowed to purchasers. Sold for CASH—or on CREDIT at same prices, with interest for time wanted. ALL WAGONS WARRANTED FOR ONE YEAR.
J. D. ARTHUR & SON,
Corner California and Davis Streets, San Francisco.

PORTABLE
Soda Fountains
$40, $50, $75, and $100.
GOOD, DURABLE AND CHEAP.
Shipped Ready for Use.
Manufactured by CHAPMAN & CO.,
Madison, Ind.
Send for a Catalogue.

PRESSES
HAY & WOOL
FOR THE FASTEST, STRONGEST, AND BEST, apply to
Price Press Company,
Office with BAKER & HAMILTON, 17 Front street, San Francisco.

Palace Art Gallery,
638 MARKET ST., San Francisco
PHOTOGRAPHS at ONE-HALF the usual CITY PRICES. Call and see our work, learn our terms, and then patronize the BEST and
THE CHEAPEST.
Our location is central (opposite the Palace Hotel), our work unrivaled, and our prices will please you. Call and SEE US.

Wm. Shew's Photograph Gallery,
115 Kearny Street, San Francisco.
THIS WELL KNOWN "PALACE OF ART" FORmerly located on Montgomery Street, No. 417, is now on Kearny Street, No. 115, and has no connection with any other. Strangers visiting this city will find it for their interest to patronize this establishment for any kind of Pictures from Miniature to Life Size.
N. B.—The very best Rembrandt Cards, Album size, $2 per dozen, equal to any that cost $4 per dozen on Montgomery Street; other sizes equally low in proportion.

C. & P. H. TIRRELL & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
NO. 419 CLAY STREET,
Between Sansome and Battery, SAN FRANCISCO.
Manufacturers of Men's, Boys', Youth's, and Children's FINE CALF BOOTS.
Orders solicited and promptly filled. All sizes and qualities made at the lowest market prices.
Please examine the goods and prices.

H. L. DODGE. L. H. SWEENEY. J. E. RUGGLES.
DODGE, SWEENEY & CO.
(Successors to SROUFE, SWEENEY & Co.),
406 Front St., San Francisco,
IMPORTERS,
PORK PACKERS,
And Wholesale Dealers in
Provisions and Fish.
Will fill orders at lowest market rates for Butter, Cheese, Lard, Hams, Bacon, Pork, Beef, Smoked Beef, Codfish, Mackerel, Salmon, White Fish, etc.
Sole Agents for H. M. Dupee's Celebrated Chicago Hams, Columbia River Salmon Company's Fresh Salmon in tins.
All goods guaranteed as represented.

Narrow Gauge
Railroad Supplies.
THE UNDERSIGNED ARE AGENTS, AND ARE prepared to furnish at very lowest prices,
RAILROAD IRON,
From the Trenton Iron Works;
LOCOMOTIVE ENGINES,
From the Baldwin Locomotive Works, Philadelphia.
Passenger and Freight Cars,
From the Jackson & Sharp Company, Wilmington, Del.
CAR WHEELS,
From A. Whitney & Sons, Philadelphia.
WILLIAMS, BLANCHARD & CO.,
218 CALIFORNIA STREET, San Francisco.

LEFFEL & MYERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF
LEFFEL'S AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE
Water Wheels,
SPHERICAL AND HORIZONTAL FLUMES. Also all kinds of Mill Gearing, etc., especially adapted to our Wheels.
Prices Greatly Reduced! Competition Defied! For Satisfaction it has No Equal!
Address, or call on LEFFEL & MYERS, 306 CALIFORNIA STREET, San Francisco. Send for Illustrated Catalogue and new Price List—sent Free.

$475 Per Month and Expenses, to Good Canvassers.

4 IRONS IN ONE. STAPLE AS FLOUR.
Sample and Terms sent, upon receipt of $6.50.
Circulars sent free. Address S. M. WOODS, 426 Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

AMMONIA!
FOR WASHING AND CLEANSING PURPOSES.
For Sale by all Grocers and Druggists.
THIS ARTICLE, UNIVERSALLY USED IN EUrope, and recently introduced for general family use in San Francisco and neighborhood, is already in great demand. It is now the intention of the manufacturers to introduce it all over the Pacific Coast, at prices which will bring it within the reach of every household.
It is unequalled for *Cleansing Woolen Fabrics, Cutlery, Carpets, or Crockery; for Scrubbing Floors, Washing Paint, Removing Grease Spots, Shampooing or Bathing.* It renders water soft, and imparts a delightful sense of coolness after washing.
Directions.—For Laundry, 2 to 4 tablespoonfuls to a wash-tub of water. For Bathing use 1 tablespoonful in the bath-tub. For removing Grease Spots, apply with a brush undiluted, and wash with water afterwards. For eliminating the growth of plants, use a few drops in every pint of water used in watering.
Price.—Per Pint Bottle, 25 cents; per Quart Bottle, 40 cents; per Half-Gallon, 75 cents.
Also, **Sulphate of Ammonia**, for chemical purposes, fertilizing, and the preparation of artificial manures. AMMONICAL PREPARATION, for